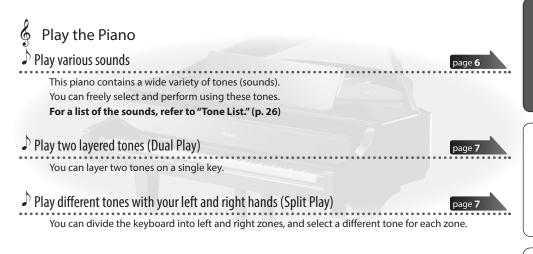


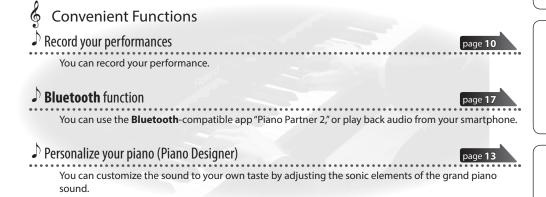


# Roland Digital Piano

#### **Owner's Manual**

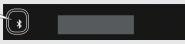








The **Bluetooth** logo appears when you turn on the power.





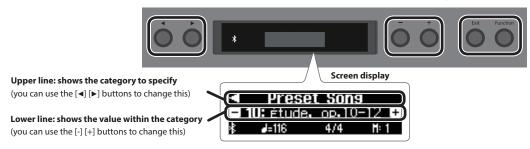
Before using this unit, carefully read "USING THE UNIT SAFELY" and "IMPORTANT NOTES" (leaflet "USING THE UNIT SAFELY" and Owner's Manual (p. 28)). After reading, keep the document(s) including those sections where it will be available for immediate reference.

# & Read This First

### **Basic Operations**

On this piano, you can use the buttons of the operating panel to make various function settings.

The "\|-""\|-""+,""Enter (Func), "and "Exit" indications shown in the screen indicate the buttons used to operate the various functions.



#### Selecting the category to set

Use the [◄] [▶] buttons to select the category that you want to set.

#### Selecting values within a category

Use the [-] [+] buttons to change a value within the category.

#### "Enter" and "Exit"

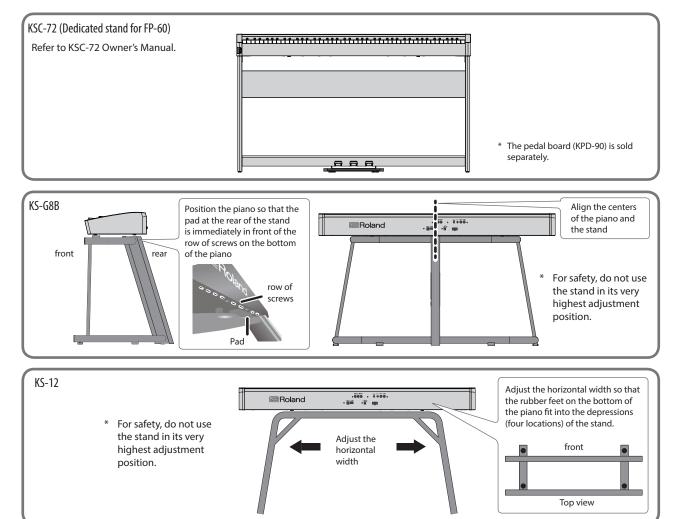
Use the [Function] (Enter) button to confirm the selected category or value. Use the [Exit] button to go back to the previous operation.

# Placing the FP-60 on a Stand

Please use one of the following Roland stands to support your FP-60: KSC-72, KS-G8B, or KS-12 (sold separately).

Refer to the following when using a stand.

\* Be careful not to pinch your fingers when setting up the stand.



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# Main Specifications

Sound generator Piano Sound: SuperNATURAL Piano 88 keys (PHA-4 Standard Keyboard: with Escapement and Ivory Feel) Keyboard Audio: Bluetooth Ver 3.0 (Supports SCMS-T content protection) **Bluetooth function** MIDI, Turning music sheet: **Bluetooth** Ver 4.0 AC adaptor Power supply Power consumption 5W (4W-22W) Detached music rest: 1,291 (W) x 344 (D) x 125 (H) mm, 50-7/8 (W) x 13-9/16 (D) x 4-5/16 (H) inches Dimensions FP-60 with KSC-72 and music rest: 1,291 (W) x 382 (D) x 944 (H) mm, 50-7/8 (W) x 15-1/16 (D) x 37-3/16 (H) inches 19.0 kg, 41 lbs 15 oz (FP-60 with music rest) Weight 32.7 kg, 72 lbs 2 oz (FP-60 with KSC-72, KPD-90, and music rest) Owner's Manual, Leaflet "USING THE UNIT SAFELY," AC adaptor, Power cord, Music rest, Damper pedal (DP-10; capable of continuous detection) Accessories

Roland FP-60: Digital Piano

	FP-60
Options (sold separately)	Dedicated stand: KSC-72 Dedicated pedal board: KPD-90 Keyboard stand: KS-G8B, KS-12 Pedal unit: RPU-3 Damper pedal: DP series Pedal switch: DP-2 Expression pedal: EV-5 USB Flash Memory (*1) *1: Use a commercially available USB flash drive or a USB flash drive sold by Roland. However, we cannot guarantee that all commercially available USB flash drives will work with this unit.
The state of the second state of the second	

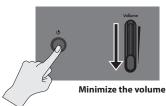
This document explains the specifications of the product at the time that the document was issued. For the latest information, refer to the Roland website.

# **Panel Descriptions**

#### [එ] button

#### Turning the FP-60 On

1. Move the [Volume] slider all the way down to minimize the volume.



2. Hold down the [0] button until the display shows "Roland Digital

The power turns on, and the tone buttons and other buttons illuminate.

3. Move the [Volume] slider to adjust the volume.

#### Turning Off the Power

- 1. Move the [Volume] slider all the way down to minimize the
- 2. Hold down the [the display shows "Don't disconnect the power."

The piano is turned off.

\* Never disconnect the power cord while the screen indicates "Don't disconnect the power."

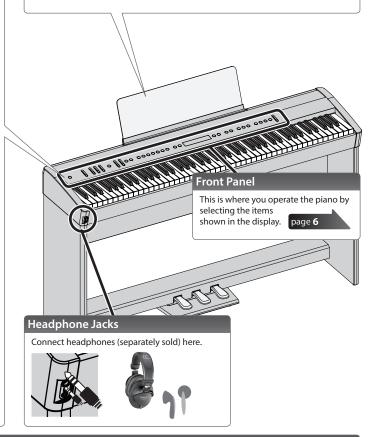
#### Concerning the Auto Off function

The power to this unit will be turned off automatically after a predetermined amount of time has passed since it was last used for playing music, or its buttons or controls were operated (Auto Off function). If you do not want the power to be turned off automatically, disengage the Auto Off function (p. 24).

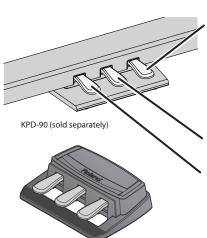
- Any settings that you are in the process of editing will be lost when the power is turned off. If you have any settings that you want to keep, you should save them beforehand (p. 27).
- To restore power, turn the power on again.

# **Attaching the Music Rest**

1. Insert the music rest into the slit on the top of the piano.



#### Pedals (KPD-90 / RPU-3: sold separately)



#### Damper Pedal

Use this pedal to sustain the sound. While this pedal is held down, notes will be sustained for an extended time even if you release your fingers from the keyboard.

This reproduces the following features of an acoustic piano's damper pedal.

- A change in feel as you press the pedal, initially light but becoming heavier as you continue pressing (KPD-90 only)
- Richness and spaciousness added by other strings sympathetically resonating with the sound of the notes you play
- The distinctive decay added by "half-pedaling," in which the core of the sound ends quickly while leaving only a rich spaciousness and resonance

#### Sostenuto Pedal

The notes you are pressing when this pedal is depressed will be sustained.

#### Soft Pedal

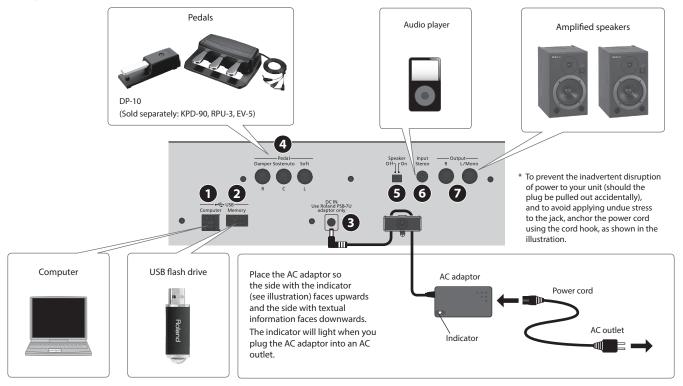
This pedal is used to make the sound softer. Playing with the soft pedal depressed produces a sound that is not as strong as when otherwise played with the equivalent strength. This is the same function as the left pedal of a grand piano. The softness of the tone can be varied subtly by the depth to which you press the pedal.

children are present.

When operating the pedal, take care not to pinch your fingers between the moving part and the body of the unit. Pay special attention to this when using the unit where

# Rear Panel

Connect pedals and USB flash drive.



# 1 USB Computer port

You can use commercially available USB cable to connect the FP-60 to your computer. You can then use MIDI-related software to record and play back FP-60 performances.

#### 2 USB Memory port

You can use USB flash drives to do the following.

- Play WAV files, MP3 files, and standard MIDI files (SMF files) copied from your computer.
- Make audio recordings of your FP-60.
- Export/Import a registration set.
- \* Never turn off the power or disconnect a USB flash drive or the power cord while the USB memory access indicator is blinking.
- \* Use a commercially available USB flash drive or a USB flash drive sold by Roland. However, we cannot guarantee that all commercially available USB flash drives will work with this unit.

#### 3 DC IN jack

Connect the included AC adaptor here.

# 4 Pedal Damper / Sostenuto / Soft jacks

Connect pedals to these jacks.

- \* Do not connect any pedal other than the specified pedal to the Pedal Damper jack.
- $^{\ast}~$  The EV-5 is compatible only with the Pedal Sostenuto / Soft jack.

#### 5 Speaker [Off / On] switch

Turns the FP-60's speakers on or off.

#### 6 Input Stereo jack

Connect an audio player here.

\* If you use a cable that contains a built-in resistor, the volume of the device connected to the Input Stereo jack might be decreased. Use a connection cable that does not contain a resistor.

#### Output R, L/Mono jacks

You can output the sound of FP-60 to amplified speakers.

<sup>\*</sup> To prevent malfunction and equipment failure, always turn down the volume, and turn off all the units before making any connections.

# Operation Guide

Basic operations	
Select a setting item	Press the [◀] [▶] buttons.
Edit a value	Press the [-] [+] buttons.
Restore the default value	Press the [-] [+] buttons simultaneously.
Cancel an operation	Press the [Exit] button.



#### Selecting a Tone (Single)

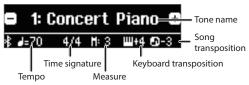
In addition to piano sounds, the piano lets you enjoy performing with many other sounds.

These sounds are called "Tones." There are six groups of tones; each tone button selects a group.

#### To select a tone

1. Press a tone button (e.g., [Piano]) and then use the [-] [+] buttons.

#### Viewing the display



#### Tone groups

	Allows you to select various historical instruments, including grand pianos, or harpsichords.
[F. Piano] hutton	Allows you to select various electric piano sounds used in pop or rock.

[Strings] button	Allows you to select the sounds of string instruments such as violins, as well as other instruments used in orchestras, which are appropriate when used for "Dual Play" with a piano sound.
	Allows you to select organ tones.
[Organ] button	If you've selected a tone to which the rotary effect is applied, pressing the [Organ] button will switch the speed of the rotary effect.
[Pad] button	Allows you to select synth pad tones.
[Other] button	Allows you to select vocal, brass, and GM2 tones.

#### MEMO

When playing a tone that uses tremolo or has a vibrating quality, you can adjust the speed of the modulation by holding down the current tone button and pressing the Tempo [Slow] [Fast] buttons.

#### Auditioning the tones (Tone Demo)

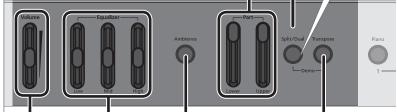
- 1. Hold down the [Split/Dual] button and press the [Transpose] button.
- 2. Press one of the tone buttons.

The tone used for the demo song depends on which tone button you press.

#### Changing the Keyboard Volume Balance (Part Volume)

When using "Split Play" or "Dual Play," you can adjust the keyboard's volume balance

	[Lower] slider	[Upper] slider
When using Normal	Not used	Adjusts the volume of the
(Single) Play		keyboard.
When using Split Play	Adjusts the volume of the region below the Split	Adjusts the volume of the region above the split
	Point.	point.
When using Dual Play	Adjusts the volume of	Adjusts the volume of
	tone 2.	tone 1.
	torie 2.	tone i.



#### Adjusting the Overall Volume (Volume)

You can adjust the speaker volume when using the internal speakers, or the headphone volume when headphones are connected.

#### Adjusting the Tone Color (Equalizer)

Use these sliders to boost or cut the sound in the Low, Mid, and High frequency ranges.

page **22** 

#### Adjusting the Ambience (Ambience)

The reverberation that is characteristic of a performance in a concert hall can be added to the sound.

- 1. Press the [Ambience] button.
- 2. Press the [-] [+] buttons.

This lets you adjust the acoustical character (ambience) of the sound. Higher values produce deeper ambience; lower values produce shallower ambience.

#### MEMO

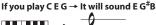
If you press the cursor [▶] (right) button, a screen appears in which you can adjust the acoustical character of the sound that's heard through headphones (Headphones 3D Ambience).

#### Transposing Your Performance (Transpose)

The keyboard or song can be transposed in semitone steps.

For example if a song is in the key of E major but you want to play it using the fingering of the C major scale, you would set the keyboard transpose setting to "4."







-6-0-+5 (default value: 0
MEMO

#### **Kbd Transpose**

You can also change the keyboard transpose setting by holding down the [Transpose] button and pressing the note that will be the tonic (root note) of the transposed key.

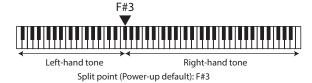
Song Transpose -12-0-+12 (default value: 0)

#### Playing Different Tones with the Right and Left Hands (Split)

You can play different tones in the areas at the left and right of a specified key. For example, you can use your left hand to play a bass tone and use your right hand to play a piano tone.

This feature is called "Split Play," and the point at which the keyboard is divided is called the "Split Point."

Turning Split Play on	Press the [Split/Dual] button several times to access the Split screen.
Changing the right-hand	1. Use the [◄] [▶] buttons to select "right-hand tone" or "left-hand tone."
tone and left-hand tone	2. Press a tone button.
	<b>3.</b> Use the [–] [+] buttons.
Split Point	Changes the split point.  MEMO  You can also specify the split point by holding down the [Split/Dual] button and pressing the key where you want to split the keyboard.
	B1-B6 (default value: F#3)
Right Shift, Left Shift	Changes the pitch of the right-hand or left-hand tone in units of one octave.
	-3-0-+3 (default value: 0)



- \* Depending on the combination of tones, the effect might not apply to the lefthand tone, causing the sound to appear differently than usual.
- \* If you select a sound from the [Piano] button as the left-hand tone, it might sound different than usual.

#### Layering two tones (Dual)

You can play two tones simultaneously from a single key. This function is called "Dual Play."

	Press the [Split/Dual] button several times to access the Dual screen.
Turning Dual Play on	MEMO You can also use Dual Play by pressing two tone buttons simultaneously (only when the setting is Single).
Changing tone 1 and tone 2	1. Use the [◄] [▶] buttons to select "tone 1" or "tone 2."
	2. Press a tone button.
	<b>3.</b> Use the [–] [+] buttons.
Tone 1 Shift, Tone 2 Shift	Changes the pitch of tone 1 or tone 2 in units of
	one octave.
	-3-0-+3 (default value: 0)

- \* Depending on the combination of tones, the effect might not apply to tone 2, causing the sound to appear differently than usual.
- \* If you select a sound from the [Piano] button as tone 2, it might sound different than usual.

#### Reading the note name (e.g., C4)

The alphabetical indication for settings such as Split Point shows the name of the note.

For example, the indication "C4" means "the fourth 'C' from the left edge of the keyboard."













#### Recalling Performance Settings (Registration)

You can use the registration feature to save the current performance settings into a "registration" that you can recall whenever you wish.

page **14** 

#### **Recalling a registration**

- 1. Press the [Registration] button.
- 2. Press one of the number buttons, from [1] to [6], to select the registration.
- 3. Press the [-] [+] buttons to select the registration variation.

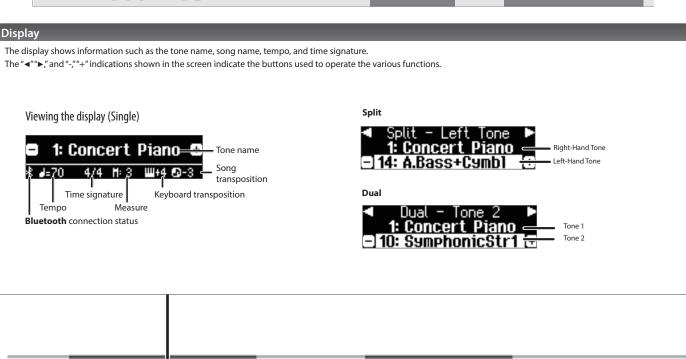
#### Saving current settings into a registration

- 1. Set the desired performance settings.
- 2. While holding down the [Registration] button, press a button from [1] to [6] to select a registration and then press the [-] [+] buttons to select a registration variation.
- Use the [-] [+] buttons and the [◄] [▶] buttons to give a name to the registration.
- 4. Press the [Function] button.

#### Reference

For details on the settings that can be stored, refer to "Saved Settings" (p. 27).





#### Various Settings (Function Mode)

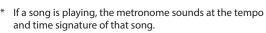
You can make detailed settings for the unit.

- 1. Press the [Function] button.
- 2. Use the [◄] [▶] buttons to select the item that you want to adjust.
- 3. Use the [-] [+] buttons to adjust the value.



#### Sounding the Metronome

You can sound a metronome while you perform. You can also change the tempo and time signature of the metronome.





#### MEMO

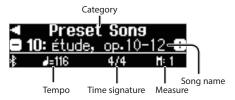
Use the [◄] [▶] buttons to select the item that you want to set. Use the [-] [+] buttons to change the value of an item.

Sounding the Metronome	Turn the [Metronome] button on.
	Press the Tempo [Slow] [Fast] buttons.
Change the tempo	10-500
	Changes the time signature of the metronome.
	MEMO
_	You can also change the time signature by
Beat	holding down the [Metronome] button and use
	the Tempo [Slow] [Fast] buttons.
	2/2, 3/2, 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 5/4, 6/4, 7/4, 3/8, 6/8, 8/8,
	9/8, 12/8 (default value: 4/4)
M. t	Sounds a down beat.
Metronome Down Beat	Off, On (default value: On)
	Changes the pattern of the metronome.
Metronome Pattern	Off, Eighth note, Eighth-note triplet, Shuffle,
Metronome Pattern	Sixteenth note, Quarter-note triplet, Quarter note
	Dotted eighth (default value: Off)
Metronome Volume	Changes the volume of the metronome.
wetronome volume	Off, 1–10 (default value: 5)
Metronome Tone	Changes the tone of the metronome.
	Click, Electronic, Voice (Japanese), Voice (English)
	(default value: Click)

#### Selecting a Song

Select a song to play back.

1. Press the [SONG] button to access the Song screen.



- 2. Press the [◄] [▶] buttons to select a category.
- 3. Press [-] [+] buttons to select a song.
- **4.** Press the [►/■] button to play the song.

#### MEMO

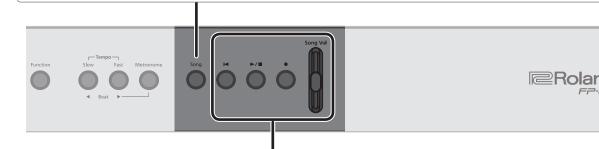
To select a song from a folder on a USB flash drive, proceed as follows.

Enter the folder	Use the [−] [+] buttons to select the folder, and press the [►/■] button.
Exit the folder	Use the [–] button to select " (up)" and then press the [▶/■] button.

#### **Category list**

Category	Explanation			
USB Memory	Songs saved on a USB flash drive			
<b>Internal Memory</b>	Songs saved in internal memory			
	Song Title	Composer		
	Singing Winds	(Original)		
	Melancolie	(Original)		
	City Lights	(Original)		
	The Nutcracker "Waltz of the	Peter Ilyich Tchaikovsky		
	Flowers" (Jazz Arrangement) *	Original Arrangement		
	Floral Pursuits *	Léo Delibes		
Preset Song	Floral Pursuits "	Original Arrangement		
_	Swan-derful Samba *	Peter Ilyich Tchaikovsky		
	Swan-derrui Samba "	Original Arrangement		
	Windy Afternoon	(Original)		
	The Marriage of Figaro "Overture"	Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart		
	Widow - C 566 D 252	Robert Alexander Schumann		
	Widmung S.566 R.253	Arranged by Franz Liszt		
	Étude, op.10-12	Fryderyk Franciszek Chopin		

- \* All rights reserved. Unauthorized use of this material for purposes other than private, personal enjoyment is a violation of applicable laws.
- \* If SMF play mode (p. 23) is set to "Auto-Select" or "Internal," there are some parts whose volume is not changed by the [Song Vol] slider. If the SMF Play Mode is set to "External," the volume of all parts will change.
- \* Songs marked by an asterisk (\*) are arranged by Roland Corporation. The copyrights to these songs are owned by the Roland Corporation.



#### **Playing Back or Recording**

Here's how to play back or record a song.

Return to the beginning of the song	Press the [i◄] button.
Play / stop	Press the [►/■] button.
Enter record-standby mode	While stopped, press the [●] button.
Record	In record-standby mode, press the [►/■] button.
Play all songs in the selected category (All Song Play)	Hold down the [Song] button and press the [►/■] button.
Change the song tempo	Press the Tempo [Slow] [Fast] buttons.
Play back the song	Hold down the [►/■] button and press the Tempo [Slow] or [Fast] button.
at a constant tempo (Tempo Mute)	To clear the tempo mute function, hold down the [ \[ / \[ \] ] button once again and press the Tempo [Slow] or [Fast] button.
Sound a count-in (*1)	Hold down the [Metronome] button and press the [▶/■] button.

\*1 A series of sounds rhythmically played to indicate the tempo before a song starts is called a "count-in." If you sound a count-in, it will be easier for you to synchronize your own performance to the tempo of the playback.

#### To make a recording

- 1. Select the tone that you want to play.
- Press the [●] button.
- 3. Press the [►/■] button to start recording.
- 4. Press the [►/■] button to stop recording.

#### Adjusting the Volume of the Song (Song Vol)

- 1. Use the [Song Vol] slider to adjust the volume of the song.
  - \* Some of the tones used in the tone demos are set so that they are adjusted by the Part [Upper] [Lower] sliders. If you want to use the [Song Vol] slider to adjust all of the parts, change the "SMF Play Mode" (p. 23) setting to "External."

#### MEMO

By using [Part] slider, you can adjust the volume balance as with an audio mixer.



Song formats that can be played by the unit

The piano can play back data in the following formats.

- MIDI files: SMF format 0/1
- Audio files: WAV format, 44.1 kHz, 16-bit linear
- Audio files: MP3 format, 44.1 kHz, 64 kbps-320 kbps

# & Advanced Operation

# Recording Your Performance

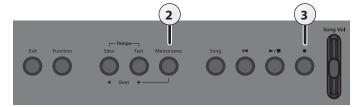
This piano lets you play back a recorded song so that you can check your own performance or practice along with a recorded song.

# Recording

# Recording a New Song

SMF recording

#### Getting ready to record



- 1. Select the tone that you want to play (p. 6).
- 2. You can sound the metronome if you like (p. 8).

You can specify the tempo and time signature of the metronome.

#### MEMO

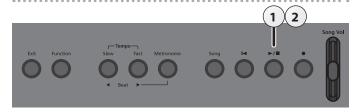
The metronome tempo and time signature are stored in the song, so that the song can play back with the same tempo and time signature.

**3.** Press the [●] button.

The  $[\bullet]$  button lights, the  $[\triangleright/\blacksquare]$  button blinks, and the piano enters record-standby mode.

If you decide to cancel recording, press the [•] button once again.

#### Starting your recording and saving it



1. Press the [►/■] button.

After a two-measure count is sounded (the measure number in the lower right of the display indicates "-2" and then "-1"), recording starts.

When the count begins, the  $[\bullet]$  button and  $[\blacktriangleright/\blacksquare]$  button are lit.

#### MEMO

If you play the keyboard without pressing the  $\llbracket \blacktriangleright / \blacksquare \rrbracket$  button, recording starts immediately. In this case, a count is not sounded.

**2.** Press the [►/■] button.

Recording stops, and your performance is automatically saved.

#### (MEMO)

- You can delete the song (p. 11).
- You can change the name of the song (p. 12).

#### NOTE

Never turn off the power while "Saving..." is shown in the display.

#### Listening to the recorded performance

After you record, the newly recorded song is selected.

1. Press the [►/■] button.

Playback starts from the beginning of your recorded performance.

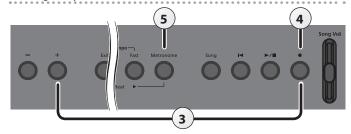
# Recording Audio to USB Flash Drive Au

udio recordina

If you want to record your piano performance and listen to it on your computer or audio player, or to create a CD, you can record it as audio to a USB flash drive.



#### Getting ready to record



- Connect your USB flash drive to the USB Memory port (p. 5).
  - \* Audio data can't be saved in the piano's internal memory.
- 2. Select the tone that you want to play (p. 6).
- **3.** Hold down the [●] button and press the [+] button to select "Audio."

#### MEMO

You can also specify this via the Function mode "Recording Mode" setting (p. 23).

**4.** Press the [●] button.

The [ullet] button lights, the [llet/ullet] button blinks, and the piano enters record-standby mode.

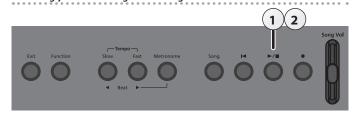
If you decide to cancel recording, press the [●] button once again.

#### NOTE

Never turn off the power or disconnect the USB flash drive during recording.

5. You can sound the metronome if you like (p. 8).

#### Starting your recording and saving it



1. Press the [►/■] button.

Recording starts.

When recording starts, the [●] button and [►/■] button light.

2. Press the [►/■] button.

Recording stops.

#### MEMO

- You can delete the song (p. 11).
- You can change the name of the song (p. 12).

#### Listening to the recorded performance

After you record, the newly recorded song is selected.

**1.** Press the [►/■] button.

Playback starts from the beginning of your recorded performance.

# Deleting a Saved Song (Delete Song)

Here's how to delete a song that you saved on an internal memory or USB flash drive.

#### MEMO

If you want to delete all songs that have been saved to internal memory or USB flash drive, initialize the memory (p. 16).

- \* If you want to delete a song on the USB flash drive, connect your USB flash drive to the USB Memory port before you continue.
- Press the [Function] button, and then use the [◄] [▶] buttons to select "Delete Song."



2. Press the [Function] (Enter) button.

The Delete Song screen appears.

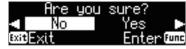


- **3.** Use the [-] [+] buttons to select the memory location that contains the song you want to delete.
- **4.** Press the cursor [▶] (right) button.



- **5.** Use the [–] [+] buttons to select the song that you want to delete.
- 6. Press the [Function] (Enter) button.

A confirmation message appears.



If you decide to cancel, press the [Exit] button.

7. Use the cursor [▶] (right) button to select "Yes," and then press the [Function] (Enter) button.

The deletion is executed.

#### NOTE

Never turn off the power or remove the USB flash drives while the screen indicates "Executing..."

**8.** Press the [Exit] button several times to exit Function mode.

### Converting an SMF-recorded song to audio

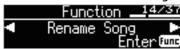
A song that you previously recorded as SMF can be converted to audio data so that you can play it back on your computer or use it to create a CD.

- 1. Select the song that you want to convert to audio (p. 9).
- 2. Prepare for audio recording ("Getting ready to record" (p. 10)).
  - 1. Connect your USB flash drive.
  - 2. Hold down the [●] button and use the [+] button to select "Audio."
  - 3. Press the [●] button.
- 3. Press the cursor [▶] (right) button to select the song of step 1.
- 4. Press the [►/■] button to start audio recording ("Starting your recording and saving it" (p. 10)).
- \* During recording, any sounds that you produce by playing the keyboard or that are input to the unit via the USB port, the Input Stereo jack, or Bluetooth audio are included in the audio that is recorded during this conversion.
- \* Depending on the SMF, it might not be possible to convert it into the identical audio as when the song was recorded.

# Renaming a Song (Rename Song)

Here's how to rename a previously-saved song.

 Press the [Function] button, and then use the [◄] [►] buttons to select "Rename Song."



2. Press the [Function] (Enter) button.

The Rename Song screen appears.



- **3.** Use the [-] [+] buttons to select the media that contains the song that you want to rename.
- **4.** Press the cursor [▶] (right) button.



- **5.** Use the [-] [+] buttons to select the song that you want to rename, and then press the cursor [▶] (right) button.
- **6.** Rename the song.

Button	Operation
[◄] [▶] buttons	Select the character to change.
[-] [+] buttons	Change the character.

If you decide to cancel, press the [Exit] button.

7. Press the [Function] (Enter) button.

A confirmation message appears.



If you decide to cancel, press the [Exit] button.

8. Use the cursor [▶] (right) button to select "Yes," and then press the [Function] (Enter) button.

The song is renamed.

#### NOTE

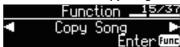
Never turn off the power or remove the USB flash drives while the screen indicates "Executing..."

9. Press the [Exit] button several times to exit Function mode.

# Copying a Saved Song (Copy Song)

Songs that have been saved in internal memory can be copied to USB flash drive. Alternatively, songs stored on a USB flash drive can be copied to internal memory.

- \* Audio files cannot be copied.
- \* If a USB flash drive is not connected, you won't be able to perform this operation.
  - Press the [Function] button, and then use the [◄] [►] buttons to select "Copy Song."



2. Press the [Function] (Enter) button.

The Copy Song screen appears.



- Use the [-] [+] buttons to select the copy-source and copydestination memory locations.
- **4.** Press the cursor [▶] (right) button.



Use the [-] [+] buttons to select the song that you want to copy.

If you decide to cancel, press the [Exit] button.

6. Press the [Function] (Enter) button.

The copy is executed.

#### NOTE

Never turn off the power or remove the USB flash drives while the screen indicates "Executing...."

#### MEMO

If a song with the same file name has already been saved, the confirmation message "Overwrite?" appears. To overwrite the song, use the cursor [▶] (right) button to select "Yes," and then press the [Function] (Enter) button.

7. Press the [Exit] button several times to exit Function mode.

# Personalizing Your Piano Sound (Piano Designer)

### What is Piano Designer?

This unit allows you to personalize your piano sound by adjusting various factors that affect the sound, such as the piano's strings and the resonance produced using the pedals.

This function is called "Piano Designer."



#### MEMO

- Piano Designer can be used to customize the sound only for tones of the [Piano] button (1-4).
- Your settings are saved for each tone of the [Piano] button.



 Press the [Function] button, and then use the [◄] [▶] buttons to select "Piano Designer."



2. Press the [Function] (Enter) button.

The Piano Designer screen appears.



- **3.** Use the [◄] [▶] buttons to select the item that you want to edit.
- **4.** Use the [-] [+] buttons to adjust the value.
- When you're finished using Piano Designer, press the [Exit] button.

A confirmation message appears.



If you decide to cancel, press the [Exit] (Cancel) button.

**6.** Use the cursor [▶] (right) button to select "Yes," and then press the [Function] (Enter) button.

The Piano Designer settings are saved.

If you decide to exit without saving the settings, use the  $[\blacktriangleleft]$  (left) button to select "No" and then press the  $[\blacktriangleright/\blacksquare]$  (Enter) button.

#### MEMO

If you install the dedicated app on your iPad or other mobile device, you can use the screen of your mobile device to edit the "Piano Designer" settings in a more visual and intuitive way. (Refer to "Using the Piano with an App" (p. 19).)

Items that you can edit in Piano Designer

Parameter	Value	Explanation	
		Adjusts the extent to which the lid of the grand	
		piano is open.	
Lid	0-6	The sound becomes more mellow as you close	
		the lid of the piano in the screen. The sound	
		becomes brighter as you open the lid of the	
		piano in the screen.	
		This adjusts the string resonance of the acoustic	
		piano sound (the sympathetic vibrations of	
String	Off, 1-10	strings for previously played notes that occur	
Resonance	011, 1-10	when you play another note).	
		Higher settings will make the sympathetic	
		vibration louder.	
		Adjusts the overall resonance of the acoustic	
		piano when its damper pedal is pressed (the	
Damper		sound of other strings vibrating in sympathy	
Resonance	Off, 1–10	when you press the damper pedal, and the	
nesonance		resonance of the entire instrument).	
		Higher settings make the sympathetic vibration	
		louder.	
		Adjusts sympathetic vibrations such as an	
		acoustic piano's key-off sound (the subtle sound	
Key Off	Off, 1-10	that occurs when you release a note).	
Resonance	011, 1-10	Higher settings produce greater tonal change	
		during the decay.	
		Specifies a method of tuning (stretch tuning)	
Single Note		that is distinctive to the piano, in which the high	
Tuning (*1)	-50-0-+50	register is tuned slightly sharper and the low	
		register is tuned slightly flatter.	
Single Note		Adjusts the volume of each key. Lower settings	
Volume (*1)	-50-0	decrease the volume.	
		<u> </u>	
Single Note		Adjusts the tonal character of each key. Higher	
Character (*1)	-5-0-+5	settings produce a harder sound, and lower	
		settings produce a softer tone.	
	Here's how the I	Piano Designer settings of the selected sound can	
		heir factory-set state.	
	1. Press the [►/■] (Enter) button.		
Reset Setting		cide to cancel, press the [◄] (Exit) button.	
	2. Use the cursor [▶] (right) button to select "Yes," and		
	then pre	ss the [►/■] (Enter) button.	
	The setti	ngs return to their factory-set state.	

#### (\*1) Single Note settings

- 1. Select a Single Note parameter, and press the [►/■] (Enter) button.
- 2. Play the key that you want to edit, and use the [-] [+] buttons to adjust the settings for that key.

#### MEMO

You can use the  $[\blacktriangleleft]$  [ $\blacktriangleright$ ] buttons to move to a different Single Note parameter.

3. Press the [I◄] (Exit) button to return to the previous screen.

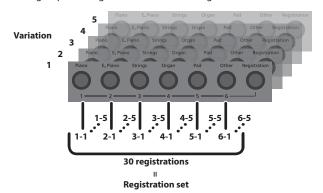
# Saving Performance Settings (Registration)

#### What Is a Registration?

Tone settings and performance settings such as Dual Play or Split Play can be saved as a "registration" and recalled whenever you like.

The FP-60 has six registration buttons ([1]–[6]), and you can save five different registrations under each button. This means that you can save as many as 30 registrations.

An entire group of 30 registrations is called a "Registration Set."

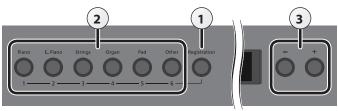


#### MEMO

- For more about the settings saved in a registration, refer to "Settings Saved in Registrations" (p. 27).
- You can save registration sets to a USB flash drive (sold separately; p. 15).

# Recalling a Registration

Here's how to recall settings that you've saved in a registration.

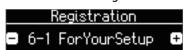


**1.** Press the [Registration] button.

The first time you press the [Registration] button after turning on the power, a screen like the following will appear.



2. Press a number button ([1] to [6]) to choose the location where the desired registration is saved.



**3.** Press the [-] [+] buttons to select the registration variation.

The settings change accordingly.

#### MEMO

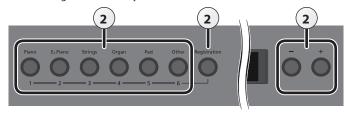
- You can also use a pedal to recall registrations (p. 24).
- You can reload registration sets that you've saved to a USB flash drive (p. 15).
- 4. Press the [Exit] button.

# Saving Current Settings into a Registration

Here's how to save the performance settings to a registration.

#### NOTE

When you save a registration into a location, it will overwrite any registration already stored at that location.



- 1. Make the desired performance settings.
- 2. Hold down the [Registration] button and press one of the [1]–[6] buttons, then press the [-] [+] buttons to which you want to assign the settings.

When you release the [Registration] button, you will see a screen like the one shown below.



3. Rename the registration.

Button	Operation	
[◄] [▶] buttons	Select the character to change.	
[-] [+] buttons	Change the character.	

If you decide to cancel, press the [Exit] (Cancel) button.

4. Press the [Function] (Store) button.

The performance settings are saved.

The [Registration] button stops blinking and lights up solid.

#### NOTE

Do NOT turn off the power while "Executing..." is displayed.

5. Press the [Exit] button.

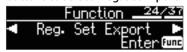
#### MEMO

You can reset all registrations to their factory defaults. For details, refer to "Restoring the Factory Settings (Factory Reset)" (p. 16).

# Saving a Registration Set (Registration Set Export)

Here's how the registration set that's saved in the FP-60 can be saved to a USB flash drive.

- If you're saving to a USB flash drive, connect your USB flash drive to the USB MEMORY port before proceeding.
  - Press the [Function] button, and then use the [◄] [►] buttons to select "Reg. Set Export."



2. Press the [Function] (Enter) button.

The Reg. Set Export screen appears.



3. Renaming the registration set.

Button	Operation
[◄] [▶] buttons	Select the character to change.
[-] [+] buttons	Change the character.

If you decide to cancel, press the [Exit] button.

4. Press the [Function] (Enter) button.

The registration set is saved.

#### NOTE

Never turn off the power or remove the USB flash drives while the screen indicates "Executing..."

5. Press the [Exit] button several times to exit Function mode.

# Loading a Saved Registration Set (Registration Set Import)

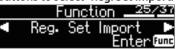
Here's how a registration set saved on a USB flash drive can be loaded into the registrations of the FP-60.

\* If you want to load a registration set from a USB flash drive, connect your USB flash drive to the USB MEMORY port before proceeding.

#### NOTE

Note that when you load a registration set, it will overwrite (and erase) all of the registrations already in registration memory. If you wish to retain your existing registrations, save them to a USB flash drive.

1. Press the [Function] button, and then use the [◄] [▶] buttons to select "Reg. Set Import."



**2.** Press the [Function] (Enter) button.

The Reg. Set Import screen appears.



- **3.** Use the [-] [+] buttons to select the registration set you want to load.
- 4. Press the [Function] (Enter) button.

A confirmation message appears.



If you decide to cancel, press the [Exit] button.

Use the cursor [▶] (right) button to select "Yes," and then press the [Function] (Enter) button.

The registration set will be loaded.

#### NOTE

Never turn off the power or remove the USB flash drives while the screen indicates "Executing..."

**6.** Press the [Exit] button several times to exit Function mode.

# Convenient Functions

# Reformatting Memory (Format Media)

You can completely erase all data that were saved in internal memory or on a USB flash drive.

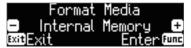
#### NOTE

- All data saved in internal memory or on the USB flash drive will be erased when you initialize the media.
- If you want settings other than the internal memory and USB flash drive data to be returned to their factory-set state, execute a Factory Reset (p. 16).
- If you want to initialize a USB flash drive, connect the USB flash drive to the USB Memory port (p. 5).
- 2. Press the [Function] button, and then use the [◄] [▶] buttons to select "Format Media."



3. Press the [Function] (Enter) button.

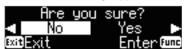
The Format Media screen appears.



If you decide to cancel, press the [Exit] button.

- **4.** Use the [-] [+] buttons to select the media that you want to format.
- 5. Press the [Function] (Enter) button.

A confirmation message appears.



If you decide to cancel, press the [Exit] button.

**6.** Use the cursor [▶] (right) button to select "Yes," and then press the [Function] (Enter) button.

The memory is formatted.

#### NOTE

Do NOT turn off the power or disconnect the USB flash drive while "Executing..." is displayed.

7. Press the [Exit] button several times to exit Function mode.

# Restoring the Factory Settings (Factory Reset)

Here's how to restore all registrations and internally saved settings to the factory-set condition. This function is called "Factory Reset."

#### NOTE

A factory reset returns all of your saved settings to their factory values.

#### MEMO

Executing this function does not erase the data in internal memory or on a USB flash drive (sold separately). If you want to erase all songs from internal memory or from a USB flash drive, refer to "Reformatting Memory (Format Media)" (p. 16).

 Press the [Function] button, and then use the [◄] [►] buttons to select "Factory Reset."



2. Press the [Function] (Enter) button.

A confirmation message appears.



If you decide to cancel, press the [Exit] button.

**3.** Press the cursor [▶] (right) button to select "Yes," and then press the [Function] (Enter) button.

The memory is reset to its factory values.

#### NOTE

Do NOT turn off the power while "Executing..." is displayed.

4. Turn the power off, then on again (p. 4).

# Retaining Settings After Power-Off (Memory Backup)

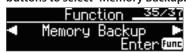
Temperament settings, equalizer settings, and other settings are reset to their default values when the FP-60 is turned on.

You can automatically restore the desired settings if you save them in internal memory.

#### MEMO

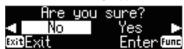
For a list of settings saved by Memory Backup, see "Saved Settings" (p. 27).

 Press the [Function] button, and then use the [◄] [►] buttons to select "Memory Backup."



2. Press the [Function] (Enter) button.

A confirmation message appears



If you decide to cancel, press the [Exit] button.

3. Press the cursor [▶] (right) button to select "Yes," and then press the [Function] (Enter) button.

Memory Backup will be carried out.

#### NOTE

Do NOT turn off the power while "Executing..." is displayed.

4. Press the [Exit] button several times to exit Function mode.

# Using the **Bluetooth®** Functionality



#### Provision of **Bluetooth** functionality

Please be aware that depending on the country in which you purchased the piano, Bluetooth functionality might not be included.

#### If Bluetooth functionality is included

The Bluetooth logo appears when you turn on the power. \*



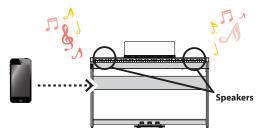
### Here's What You Can Do

Bluetooth functionality wirelessly connects this piano to a mobile device such as your smartphone or tablet (subsequently referred to as the "mobile device"), allowing you to do the following.

Music played back by the mobile device can be heard through the piano's speakers.

You can play back music data that's saved on your iPhone or other mobile device, and wirelessly listen to it through the piano's speakers.

→ "Listening to Music Through the Piano's Speakers" (p. 18)



You can use apps to expand your piano enjoyment.

You can install apps (such as Roland's "Piano Partner 2" or "Piano Designer") on your mobile device, and use them in conjunction with the piano.

→ "Using Apps with the Piano" (p. 19)

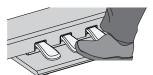


App "Piano Partner 2" note-guessing game

You can connect a music score viewing app, and use the pedals to turn pages.

You can view electronic scores (in a score viewing app such as "piaScore") on your iPad or other mobile device, and use the pedals to turn pages.

→ "Using the Pedals to Turn Pages in a Score Viewing App" (p. 20)





In order to use **Bluetooth** functionality, you must first perform an action called "pairing," which connects the piano to the mobile device in a one-to-one relationship.

"Pairing" is the procedure of registering (mutually authenticating) your mobile device with the piano.

To perform pairing, use the procedure that's appropriate for each function.



# Status of the connection between the piano and the mobile

Depending on the functionality of the mobile device that's connected, the following icons are shown in the lower left of the screen.

Function	Displayed icon
Listening to music from the mobile device	(AUDIO)
Linking with an app	≹nipi (MIDI)
Using the pedals to turn pages	PAGE (PAGE)
Page turning and linking with an app	P+HID (P+MID)

<sup>\*</sup> If you have trouble making connections, refer to the "Troubles with Bluetooth functionality" (p. 21).

# Listening to Music Through the Piano's Speakers

Here's how to make settings so that music data saved on your mobile device can be wirelessly played back through the piano's speakers.

\* If your mobile device is already paired with the piano, there is no need to perform pairing again. Refer to "Connecting an Already-Paired Mobile Device" (p. 18).

# Making Initial Settings (Pairing)

As an example, we explain how to make settings for an iPad. If you're using an Android device, refer to the owner's manual of the mobile device you're using.

- Place the mobile device that you want to connect near the piano.
- 2. Press the [Function] button, and then use the [◄] [▶] buttons to select "Bluetooth Audio."



3. Press the [Function] (Enter) button.

The **Bluetooth** Audio screen appears.



4. Press the [Function] (Enter) button.

The display indicates "Now pairing...," and the piano waits for a response from the mobile device.



If you decide to cancel pairing, press the [◄] (Exit) button.

5. Turn on the Bluetooth function of the mobile device.



**6.** Tap "FP-60 Audio" that is shown in the **Bluetooth** device screen of your mobile device.



 If the mobile device's screen asks you to enter a "Pass Key," enter "0000" (four zeros).

When pairing is successful, "FP-60 Audio" is added to the list of "My Devices" on your mobile device.

The piano's display indicates "Completed," and "AUDIO" appears beside the **Bluetooth** logo.



Press the [Exit] button several times to exit Function mode. This completes initial settings.

#### MEMO

If pairing is not successful, temporarily cancel pairing on your mobile device, and then try the procedure again from step 5.

#### Connecting an Already-Paired Mobile Device

**1.** Turn on the Bluetooth function of the mobile device. The piano and the mobile device are wirelessly connected.

#### MEMO

If you were unable to establish a connection using the procedure above, tap "FP-60 Audio" that is displayed in the **Bluetooth** device screen of the mobile device.

### **Playing Back Audio**

When you play back music data on the mobile device, the sound is heard from the piano's speakers.

#### Adjusting the volume of audio

Normally you'll adjust the volume on your mobile device. If this does not provide the volume adjustment you want, you can adjust the volume as follows.

- Proceed with steps 2–3 of "Making Initial Settings (Pairing)" (p. 18).
- 2. Use the [◄] [▶] buttons to select "Input/Bluetooth Vol.," and use the [¬] [+] buttons to adjust the volume.



#### If you have more than one piano

For example, if you want to pair your mobile device with multiple pianos located in a music school, you can specify an ID for each piano to pair your mobile device with the desired pianos.

#### To pair your device with multiple pianos

Specify the **Bluetooth** ID on each piano.

When you make this setting, an ID number is added to the end of the device name shown on the mobile device (e.g., FP-60 Audio1).

 Press the [Function] button, and use the [◄] [▶] buttons to select "Bluetooth ID."



- 2. Press the [►/■] (Enter) button.
- **3.** Use the [-] [+] buttons to edit the value of the setting.

Value	Explanation
0-99	Set to "0": "FP-60 Audio" "FP-60" (default value) Set to "1": "FP-60 Audio1" "FP-60_1"

\* If you are pairing in an environment where there are multiple pianos, we recommend that you turn on the power of the mobile device and only those pianos that you want to pair (turn off the power of other devices).

### Using the Piano with an App

Here's how to make settings so that you can use the piano with an app that's installed on your mobile device.

# Example Apps That Can Be Used with the Piano

App name	Supported OS	Explanation
Roland Piano Partner 2	iOS Android	You can view musical scores of the internal songs, automatically add an accompaniment by detecting chords when you play the keyboard, or play note-guessing games to train your ear.
Roland Piano Designer	iOS Android	You can use the "Piano Designer" function (p. 13) in a more visual and intuitive way to adjust various aspects of the piano's sound, such as the piano's strings and pedal resonance.

- \* Apps can be downloaded from the App Store or Google Play (free of charge).
- \* The information provided here about apps made by Roland was current when this manual was published. For the latest information, refer to the Roland website.

# Making Settings (Pairing)

As an example, we explain how to make settings for an iPad. If you're using an Android device, refer to the owner's manual of the mobile device you're using.

- \* In order to use an app with the piano, you'll have to make pairing settings each time.
  - If the FP-60 is already paired in the Bluetooth settings of the mobile device, temporarily cancel pairing.

If the device name "FP-60" is not shown, the piano is not paired. Proceed to the next step.



2. Temporarily turn off the Bluetooth function of your mobile device.



- **3.** Near the piano, place the mobile device on which you've installed the app that you want to use.
- **4.** Press the [Function] button, and then use the [◄] [▶] buttons to select "Bluetooth Turn/MIDI."



- 5. Press the [Function] (Enter) button.
- 6. Press the [-] [+] buttons to select "MIDI."



7. Turn on the **Bluetooth** function of the mobile device.



#### NOTE

At this point, only turn on the Bluetooth function; don't tap the device name "FP-60" even if it is displayed. If you tapped this to execute pairing, repeat the procedure from step 1.

**8.** In the settings of the app (e.g., "Piano Partner 2") that's installed on the mobile device, pair the device with the piano.

When pairing is completed, the indication "MIDI" appears beside the **Bluetooth** logo in the piano's screen. Settings are now complete.



# Using the Pedals to Turn Pages on a Music Score App

Here's how to use the piano's pedals to turn the pages of a music score shown on your mobile device (e.g., in a music score viewing app such as "piaScore").

# Making Initial Settings (Pairing)

As an example, we explain how to make settings for an iPad. If you're using an Android device, refer to the owner's manual of the mobile device you're using.

 If the FP-60 is already paired in the Bluetooth settings of the mobile device, temporarily cancel pairing.

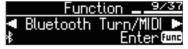
If the device name "FP-60" is not shown, the piano is not paired. Proceed to the next step.



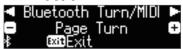
Temporarily turn off the Bluetooth function of your mobile device.



- 3. Near the piano, place the mobile device on which you've installed the music score app that you want to use.
- 4. Press the [Function] button, and then use the [◄] [►] buttons to select "Bluetooth Turn/MIDI."



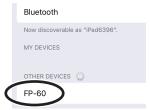
- 5. Press the [Function] (Enter) button.
- 6. Use the [-] [+] buttons to select "Page Turn."



7. Turn on the Bluetooth function of the mobile device.



8. On the mobile device, tap "FP-60."



On the mobile device, tap "Pair."



 If the screen of the mobile device requests you to enter a "Pass Key," enter "0000" (four zeros).

When pairing is successful, the model name ("FP-60") is added to the list "My Devices" of the mobile device. The indication "PAGE" appears beside the **Bluetooth** logo in the piano screen.





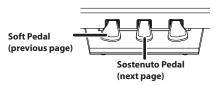
Press the [Exit] button several times to exit Function mode. This completes initial settings.

# Connecting an Already-Paired Mobile Device

Turn on the Bluetooth function of the mobile device.
 The piano and the mobile device are wirelessly connected.

# **Turning Pages**

- Start the music score viewing app that's installed on the mobile device, and load a music score.
- 2. The sostenuto pedal turns to the next page, and the soft pedal turns to the previous page.



\* Even if the function of the pedals is assigned in "Center/Left Pedal Function" (p. 23), "page turning" takes priority.

If you want to use both page turning and soft / sostenuto pedals

If you want to use the page turning function but also want to use the soft pedal and sostenuto pedal, you can change the setting as follows.

- Perform steps 2 and 3 of "Making Initial Settings (Pairing)" (p. 20).
- 2. Use the [◄] [▶] buttons to select "Page Turn Mode," and then use the [-] [+] buttons to select the setting.

Value	Explanation
Once	The page turns when you press the pedal once.
Twice	The page turns when you press the pedal twice in quick succession.
	If you press the pedal once, it performs the usual pedal function.

3. Press the [Exit] button several times to exit Function mode.

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# Troubles with **Bluetooth** functionality

Problem	Items to check/Action			Page	
			Turn the <b>Bluetooth</b> function "On."		
			Bluetooth Audio function:		
			Function mode → "Bluetooth Audio" → turn "Bluetooth Audio" On	p. 18	
	Could the <b>Bluetooth</b> function be turned "Off"?		Bluetooth Turn/MIDI function:	p. 1	
	James Diagnosti Iuli			١.	
Piano name (FP-60)			Function mode → "Bluetooth Turn/MIDI" → turn "Bluetooth Turn & MIDI (*1)" On	p. 2	
does not appear in the			(*1) Depending on the Function mode "Bluetooth Turn/MIDI" setting, the screen might indicate		
Bluetooth device list of the	If Division at the Proof	ii	"Bluetooth Page Turn" or "Bluetooth MIDI."	$\vdash$	
mobile device	ii <b>Didetootii</b> Addio idiict		A device named "FP-60 Audio" appears.	-	
	If the Bluetooth Page Tu		A device reproductive COV		
		runction is "Page Turn" or	A device named "FP-60" appears.		
	"Page Turn&MIDI"	m function is #0 · #		-	
	If the Bluetooth Page Tur		Vou can chack this from a setting in the control of		
	the <b>Bluetooth</b> Turn/MIDI	runction is set to "MIDI"	You can check this from a setting inside your app such as "Piano Partner 2."		
	or "Page Turn&MIDI"			_	
Can't connect to Bluetooth	If the piano (FP-60_Audio		Delete the device's registration from the mobile device, turn the mobile device's		
Audio	the <b>Bluetooth</b> settings of	t the mobile device	Bluetooth function "Off" → "On," and then perform pairing again.		
(Can't make settings to	If the piano (FP-60_Audio	) is not shown as a device	Turn the mobile device's <b>Bluetooth</b> function "Off" and then "On" again, and initiate	p. 1	
hear music through the	the plane (i i -oo_Addic	,, is not snown as a device	pairing from this unit to re-establish pairing.		
piano's speakers)	Does this unit support BI	uetooth Audio function?			
Can't connect to Bluetooth	In some cases, the conne	ction with the mobile dev	rice might become unavailable when you switch the <b>Bluetooth</b> Turn/MIDI function.	-	
Page turning	If this unit is not visible as		After unpairing the "FP-60" that is registered on the mobile device, turn the mobile		
(Can't make settings to	device's <b>Bluetooth</b> settin		device's <b>Bluetooth</b> function "Off" and then "On" again, and reconnect it.	p. 2	
turn pages using the			Turn the mobile device's <b>Bluetooth</b> function "Off" and "On" again, and then reestablish		
pedals)	If this unit is not visible as	a device	the connection.		
Can't connect to Bluetooth					
MIDI	In some cases, the connection with the mobile device might become unavailable when you switch the <b>Bluetooth</b> Turn/MIDI function.				
(Can't make settings to use	After unpairing the "FP-60" that is registered on the mobile device, turn the mobile device's <b>Bluetooth</b> function "Off" and then "On" again,				
the piano with an app)	and reconnect it.				
Can't connect with the	You must make the conn				
mobile device's app	You must make the connection not from the mobile device's <b>Bluetooth</b> setting but from the setting within Piano Partner 2 or other app that you're using.				
Can't establish pairing with				1	
the page turning function	The page turning function		aired when you first select a device on the mobile device and establish a connection.		
and MIDI function	There is no need to initiat	e pairing from this unit.			
Can't use the page turning				-	
function and MIDI function	Set the <b>Rivetooth</b> Turn/A	AIDI function to "Page Tur	n&MIDI"		
simultaneously	Sec the Diagram (diff/)	mor runction to Tage Tull	name.		
Can't connect a paired	If the connection broads:	mmediately after it is acta	ablished, or when you switch the page turning function and MIDI data transmit/receive	1	
mobile device					
mobile device			h switch "Off" and then "On" again may allow connection to occur.	-	
Keyboard no longer		ning runction, the keyboa	ard might not be shown (might be unavailable) depending on the mobile device app		
appears (becomes	that you're using.				
unavailable) on the mobile			own while you're using the page turning function, hold down this unit's [Exit] button and		
device	press the [Function] butto				
	To hide the mobile device	e's keyboard, hold down t	he [Exit] button and press the [Function] button.		
	Depending on the music	score display app that yo	u're using, pages might be turned by the up/down arrow keys of the text-entry		
	keyboard, or by its Page l				
	If the page does not turn when you press the soft pedal or sostenuto pedal, try changing the page-turning operation keys.				
	1. Proceed with steps 4–5 of "Using the Pedals to Turn Pages on a Music Score App" (p. 20).				
	<b>∠.</b> Use the [◀][▶] b	uttons to select "Page	e Turn Assign," and use the [-] [+] buttons to select the function.		
Page does not turn when	Setting	Explanation			
you press the pedal		The [ † ] [ ↓ ] keys of the keyb	poard are used by the page	-	
,	Cursor Up/Down	turning app.			
			keys of the keyboard are used		
	Page Up/Down	by the page turning app.	·,·····,···		
	C 1 (1/D) 1:	The [←] [→] keys of the l	keyboard are used by the		
	Cursor Left/Right	page turning app.			
	2 Dungs Alice (Freday)	uithan sausural time t	a avit Eurotian mada		
	3. Press the [Exit] button several times to exit Function mode.				

### MEMO

If checking these points does not solve the problem, please refer to the Roland support website. http://www.roland.com/support/

# Various Settings (Function Mode)

# How to Use Function Mode

- 1. Press the [Function] button, and then use the [◄] [▶] buttons to select the setting you want to change.
  - \* Depending on the item you select, an additional screen may be displayed.
- 2. Press the [-] [+] buttons to adjust the value.
- **3.** Press the [Exit] button several times to exit the Function mode.
  - \* The FP-60 settings return to their factory defaults when you turn off the power. But if you backup the current settings into internal memory, they will be restored the next time the power comes on. Refer to "Retaining Settings After Power-Off (Memory Backup)" (p. 16).

Indication [◀] [▶] buttons	Parameter [-] [+] buttons	Explanation		
	Adjusting th	e Keyboard Response (Key Touch)		
Key Touch	,	e keyboard responds to your playing strength can be adjusted to your personal taste.		
•	Fix, 1–100	Higher values will make the keyboard feel heavier.		
	FIX, 1-100	If you've specified "Fix," notes will sound at the same volume regardless of how strongly you play the keyboard.		
		e Pitch with Other Instruments (Master Tuning)		
Master Tuning	The reference pitch operforming with one	When playing ensemble with other instruments and in other such instances, you can match the standard pitch to another instrument.  The reference pitch generally refers to the pitch of the note that's played when you finger the middle A (A4) key. For a cleaner ensemble sound while performing with one or more other instruments, ensure that each instrument's standard pitch is in tune with that of the other instruments.  415.3 Hz-440.0 Hz-466.2 Hz		
	Changing th	e Tuning Method (Temperament)		
	You can play classica	l styles such as Baroque using historic temperaments (tuning methods).		
	but when classical m	are composed and played with the assumption that equal temperament (the most common tuning in use today) will be used, usic was composed, there were a wide variety of other tuning systems in existence. Playing a composition with its original y the sonorities of the chords that the composer originally intended.		
	Equal	This temperament divides the octave into twelve equal steps. It is the temperament that is most commonly used on today's pianos. Every interval has the same slight amount of dissonance.		
	Just Major	In these temperaments, the primary triads are perfectly consonant. It is unsuited to playing melodies and cannot be transposed, but is capable of beautiful sonorities.		
	Just Minor	The Just tunings differ from major and minor keys.		
	Pythagorean	This tuning, devised by the philosopher Pythagoras, eliminates dissonance in fourths and fifths.		
Temperament	, ,	Although third chord is slightly dissonant, this tuning is suitable for songs that have a simple melody.  As in the Just temperaments, the primary triads are consonant in this tuning. Beautiful sonorities are obtained when		
	Kirnberger I	playing songs that are written in keys appropriate for this tuning.		
	Kirnberger II	This is a revision of Kirnberger I that reduces the limitations on the usable keys.		
		This is an improvement of the Meantone and Just tunings that provides a high degree of freedom of modulation.		
	Kirnberger III	Performances are possible in all keys. Since the resonance differs depending on the key, chords played in this temperament resonate in diverse ways when compared to equal temperament.		
	Meantone	This temperament slightly narrows the fifth relative to Just temperaments. While the Just temperaments contains two types of whole tone (major whole tone and minor whole tone), meantone temperament uses only one type of whole tone (mean whole tone). Transposition within a limited range of keys is possible.		
	Werckmeister	This temperament consists of eight perfect fifths and four narrowed fifths. Performance in all keys is possible. Since different keys produce different sonorities, chords will resonate in diverse ways when compared to equal temperament (Werckmeister I (III)).		
	Arabic	This tuning is suitable for the music of Arabia.		
	Specifying a	Song's Tonic (Temperament Key)		
Temperament Key	. , .	uning other than equal temperament, you need to specify the temperament key for tuning the song to be performed.		
		If you choose an equal temperament, there's no need to select a temperament key.		
	C-B			
Piano Designer		your piano sound by adjusting various elements that affect the sound: the piano's physical strings, the resonances produced by d of hammers striking the strings, and more.		
	Refer to "Personalizing Your Piano Sound (Piano Designer)" (p. 13).			
Hammer Response	Off, 1–10 Adjusts the time from when you play the key until the piano sound is heard. Higher values produce a greater delay.			
	-	qualizer Settings (Equalizer)		
		alizer to modify the tone color by boosting or reducing just the low-frequency or high-frequency range of the sound.		
	20-40	settings, use the [◄] [▶] buttons to select "Equalizer," and then press the [Function] (Enter) button.  [Frequency point in the low-frequency range.		
Equalizer	EQ Low Freq (Hz)	This changes the level at and under the specified bandwidth.		
	EQ Mid Freq			
	(Hz)	This changes the level of the specified bandwidth centered on this frequency.  0, 2.0, Changes the bandwidth of the mid-frequency range.		
	EQ Mid Q 4.0, 8.			
	EQ High Freq 2000-			
Bluetooth Audio		) (Hz)   This changes the level at and over the specified bandwidth. ) Music Through the Piano's Speakers" (p. 18).		

Indication [-] [-] buttons  Bluetooth Turn/MIDI  Refer to "Using the Piano with an App" (p. 19).  Refer to "If you have more than one piano" (p. 18).  Adjusting the Volume of an Audio Playback Device or Bluetooth Audio (Inpu Vol.)  You can adjust the volume of the audio playback when an audio playback device is connected to the Input Stereo jack or to 0-10  Specifying the Song (SMF) Playback Mode (SMF Play Mode)  When playing back a song (SMF), select the appropriate setting depending on whether you're playing an internal song or you will use the "Auto Select" setting.  This determines whether the setting that is most suitable for the internal song or most suitable for external data is selecte song whose file format is SMF.  MEMO  You can also switch the SMF Play Mode by holding down the [▶✓■] button and using the [-] [+] button.  Some of the Piano Designer effects are not reproduced if the SMF Play Mode is set to "External."	or via <b>Bluetooth</b> .  or external data. Normally	
Bluetooth Turn/MIDI  Refer to "Using the Piano with an App" (p. 19).  Refer to "If you have more than one piano" (p. 18).  Adjusting the Volume of an Audio Playback Device or Bluetooth Audio (Inpu Vol.)  You can adjust the volume of the audio playback when an audio playback device is connected to the Input Stereo jack or to 0–10  Specifying the Song (SMF) Playback Mode (SMF Play Mode)  When playing back a song (SMF), select the appropriate setting depending on whether you're playing an internal song or you will use the "Auto Select" setting.  This determines whether the setting that is most suitable for the internal song or most suitable for external data is selected song whose file format is SMF.  SMF Play Mode  SMF Play Mode  SMF Play Mode by holding down the [►/■] button and using the [-] [+] button.	or via <b>Bluetooth</b> .  or external data. Normally	
Refer to "If you have more than one piano" (p. 18).  Adjusting the Volume of an Audio Playback Device or Bluetooth Audio (Inpu Vol.)  You can adjust the volume of the audio playback when an audio playback device is connected to the Input Stereo jack or volume of the audio playback when an audio playback device is connected to the Input Stereo jack or volume of the audio playback Mode (SMF Play Mode)  When playing back a song (SMF) Playback Mode (SMF Play Mode)  When playing back a song (SMF), select the appropriate setting depending on whether you're playing an internal song or you will use the "Auto Select" setting.  This determines whether the setting that is most suitable for the internal song or most suitable for external data is selected song whose file format is SMF.  MEMO  You can also switch the SMF Play Mode by holding down the [►/■] button and using the [-] [+] button.	or via <b>Bluetooth</b> .  or external data. Normally	
Adjusting the Volume of an Audio Playback Device or Bluetooth Audio (Input Vol.)  You can adjust the volume of the audio playback when an audio playback device is connected to the Input Stereo jack or volume of the audio playback when an audio playback device is connected to the Input Stereo jack or volume of the audio playback when an audio playback device is connected to the Input Stereo jack or volume of the audio playback Mode (SMF Play Mode)  When playing back a song (SMF), select the appropriate setting depending on whether you're playing an internal song or you will use the "Auto Select" setting.  This determines whether the setting that is most suitable for the internal song or most suitable for external data is selecte song whose file format is SMF.  MEMO  You can also switch the SMF Play Mode by holding down the [>/ ■] button and using the [-] [+] button.	or via <b>Bluetooth</b> .  or external data. Normally	
You can adjust the volume of the audio playback when an audio playback device is connected to the Input Stereo jack or volume of the audio playback when an audio playback device is connected to the Input Stereo jack or volume of the audio playback Mode (SMF Play Mode)  Specifying the Song (SMF) Playback Mode (SMF Play Mode)  When playing back a song (SMF), select the appropriate setting depending on whether you're playing an internal song or you will use the "Auto Select" setting.  This determines whether the setting that is most suitable for the internal song or most suitable for external data is selected song whose file format is SMF.  MEMO  You can also switch the SMF Play Mode by holding down the [►/■] button and using the [-] [+] button.	or via <b>Bluetooth</b> .  or external data. Normally	
Specifying the Song (SMF) Playback Mode (SMF Play Mode)  When playing back a song (SMF), select the appropriate setting depending on whether you're playing an internal song or you will use the "Auto Select" setting.  This determines whether the setting that is most suitable for the internal song or most suitable for external data is selecte song whose file format is SMF.  MEMO  You can also switch the SMF Play Mode by holding down the [►/■] button and using the [-] [+] button.	or external data. Normally	
When playing back a song (SMF), select the appropriate setting depending on whether you're playing an internal song or you will use the "Auto Select" setting.  This determines whether the setting that is most suitable for the internal song or most suitable for external data is selecte song whose file format is SMF.  MEMO  You can also switch the SMF Play Mode by holding down the [►/■] button and using the [-] [+] button.	,	
Auto-Select Automatically switches the SMF Play Mode to either "Internal" or "External" depending on the same when you play back an internal song, the tone used for keyboard performance automatically of internal song. This is recommended when you play back an internal song or a song that you re  Even when playing back external data, the tone used for keyboard performance can be specified the tone used to play the external data. This is recommended when you play back external data available music data.	y changes to the tone of the recorded on this piano. ified independently of	
Selecting the Format for Recording (Recording Mode)  You can choose whether to record as SMF or as audio.  MEMO  You can also switch the Recording Mode by holding down the [●] button and using the [-] [+] button.  SMF  Record your performance, and play it back on the piano.  Record as audio data. (WAV format, 44.1 kHz, 16-bit, linear)	page <b>10</b>	
Your recorded piano performance can be played back on your computer or audio player, or yo	ou can use it to make a CD.	
Rename Song Refer to "Renaming a Song (Rename Song)" (p. 12).		
Copy Song Refer to "Copying a Saved Song (Copy Song)" (p. 12).	<del></del>	
Delete Song Refer to "Deleting a Saved Song (Delete Song)" (p. 11).  Format Media Refer to "Reformatting Memory (Format Media)" (p. 16).		
3 - 27( - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -		
Changing How the Pedal Effects Are Applied (Damper Pedal Part)  When you press the pedal connected to the Pedal Damper jack during "Dual Play" or "Split Play," the pedal effect is normall but you can also select the tone to which the effect is to be applied.  Right All enabled  Right Applied only to the Tone 1 (in Dual Play)/Right-hand Tone (in Split Play)  Left Applied only to the Tone 2 (in Dual Play)/Left-hand Tone (in Split Play)	ally applied to both tones,	
Center Pedal  Center Pedal  Use this feature to change the function of the pedal connected to the Pedal Sostenuto jack.  Sostenuto *1  The pedal functions as a sostenuto pedal.  Soft *2  Sets function to soft pedal.  Start/Stop  The pedal will have the same function as the [▶/■] button.  Layer  In Dual Play, you can control of the Tone 2 volume.  Expression *3  Allows control of the volume. You may find it convenient to connect an expression pedal (EV-5 change the recorded performance play.  Master Expression  Controls the overall volume of the FP-60.  Bend Up *3  Pitch rises when pedal is depressed.  Modulation *3  Vibrato is added when pedal is depressed.  Rotary Sw  When using the rotary effect, switches the rotary effect between slow and fast.  *1 Only works on the Center Pedal Function.	'-5: sold separately). Does not	
*2 Only works on the Left Pedal Function.  *3 Works only on the tone set as the corresponding pedal part (Center Pedal Part or Left Pedal Part).  * Use only the specified expression pedal. By connecting any other expression pedals, you risk causing malfunction and/  Changing How the Pedal Effects Are Applied (Center Pedal Part)  When you press the pedal connected to the Pedal Sostenuto jack during "Dual Play" or "Split Play," the pedal effect is norm but you can also select the tone to which the effect is to be applied.  Refer to "Changing How the Pedal Effects Are Applied (Damper Pedal Part)" (p. 23).		
Changing the Function of the Left Pedal (Left Pedal)  Use this feature to change the function of the pedal connected to the Pedal Soft jack.  Refer to "Changing the Function of the Center Pedal (Center Pedal)" (p. 23).		
Changing How the Pedal Effects Are Applied (Left Pedal Part)  When you press the pedal connected to the Pedal Soft jack during "Dual Play" or "Split Play," the pedal effect is normally ap you can also select the tone to which the effect is to be applied.  Refer to "Changing How the Pedal Effects Are Applied (Damper Pedal Part)" (p. 23).	Changing How the Pedal Effects Are Applied (Left Pedal Part) When you press the pedal connected to the Pedal Soft jack during "Dual Play" or "Split Play," the pedal effect is normally applied to both tones, but you can also select the tone to which the effect is to be applied.	

Indication [◄] [►] buttons	Parameter [-] [+] buttons	Explanation
	Heina a Dodal	to Switch Registrations (Reg. Pedal Shift)
Reg. Pedal Shift		to successively switch registrations. Each time you press the pedal, you will switch to the next registration.
	Off	The functions assigned to the Pedal Soft jack and Pedal Sostenuto jack will be available for use.
	Left Pedal Center Pedal	The pedal connected to the Pedal Soft jack can be used only for switching registrations.  The pedal connected to the Pedal Sostenuto jack can be used only for switching registrations.
Reg. Set Export		stration Set (Registration Set Export)" (p. 15).
Reg. Set Import		ed Registration Set (Registration Set Import)" (p. 15).
	Sending Tone-	-Change Information (Transmit MIDI Information) trations, the FP-60 simultaneously transmits the following: Program Change, Bank Select MSB, and Bank Select LSB.
	You can also set the tra	
Reg. Transmit Ch.	Off, 1–16	Sets the Program Change transmit channel.
Reg. Bank MSB	0 (00)–127 (7F)	Sets the Bank Select MSB.
Reg. Bank LSB Reg. PC	0 (00)–127 (7F) 1 (00)–128 (7F)	Sets the Bank Select LSB.  Sets the Program Change number.
neg. r c		
Local Control	When you have a MIDI Since most sequencers	sequencer connected via USB, set this parameter to Local Off.  have their Thru function turned on, notes you play on the keyboard may be sounded in duplicate, or get dropped. To prevent e"Local Off" setting so that the keyboard and internal sound generator will be disconnected.  Local Control is off.  The keyboard is disconnected from the internal sound generator. Playing the keyboard will not produce sound.  Local Control is on.  The keyboard is connected to the internal sound generator.
MIDI Transmit Ch.	This setting specifies th	Channel Settings (MIDI Transmit Ch.)  ne MIDI channel on which the piano will transmit.  sixteen channels (1–16).
Display Contrast	Adjusting the Brightness of the Display (Display Contrast)  Adjusts the brightness of the FP-60 display.	
Panel Brightness	Adjusting the Brightness of the Buttons (Panel Brightness)  You can adjust the brightness of the FP-60's buttons.  Dim, Bright	
	Making the Po	ower Automatically Turn Off After a Time (Auto Off)
Auto Off	With the factory settings, the piano's power will automatically be switched off 240 minutes after you stop playing or operating the piano.  If you don't want the power to turn off automatically, change the "Auto Off" setting to "Off."  Off, 10, 30, 240 (min)	
Memory Backup	be restored the next tir	rn to their factory defaults when you turn off the power. But if you backup the current settings into internal memory, they will ne the power comes on.  cings After Power-Off (Memory Backup)" (p. 16).
Factory Reset		Factory Settings (Factory Reset)" (p. 16).
Version		the piano's system program.
	, -,,	

# § Troubleshooting

Problem	Itama ta Cha da	A stiss	Dana
Even though you're	Items to Check	Action	Page
using headphones		piano is designed to simulate the	
to mute the sound,	mechanism of an acoustic piano. Even on an acoustic		
a thumping sound	piano, a thumping sound is actually being produced when you press a key. Such sounds do not indicate a		
is heard when you	wnen you press a key. malfunction.	. Such sounds do not indicate a	
play the keyboard	manunction.		
Power turns off on	Could the Auto Off	If you don't need the power to	
its own		turn off automatically, turn the	p. 24
	other than "Off"?	Auto Off setting "Off."	
Power does not turn on	Is the AC adaptor con	nected correctly?	_
turn on	Is the model composter	d correctly?	
	Is the pedal connected	and the Pedal jack located on the	
	back of the plano.	and the redai jack located on the	
	Could you have		
	disconnected or	Power-off the piano before you	
	connected the pedal	connect or disconnect the pedal	-
Pedal does not	cord while the power	cord.	
work, or is "stuck"	was on?		
	Could you have changed the	Return the pedal function (Center	
	function of the	Pedal, Left Pedal) to its previous	p. 23
	pedal?	setting.	
	-	ne page-turning function?	p. 20
	Could you be using Re		p. 24
"Buzz" is heard	Are the external	If you connect external devices,	
from external	devices connected	be sure to connect them to the	_
devices	to more than one AC	same AC outlet.	
The volume level	power outlet?		
of the device	Could the "Input/ <b>Blue</b>	etooth Vol." be turned down?	p. 23
connected to Input			
Stereo jack is too		he connected device be turned	_
low	down?		
Notes don't sound ri	ght		
	Are your amp, speake	rs, headphones, etc., connected	- F
	correctly?		p. 5
	Is the volume turned		p. 6
		an adaptor plug be inserted in the	
	Phones jacks?	1.00	p. 4
		produce sound if headphones or	·
	plug are connected to Has Local Control	tne Phones Jacks.	
No sound	been set to "Off"?	Set Local Control to "On."	p. 24
ito souna		ff/On] switch be "Off"?	
	·	] switch is "Off," sound is not	p. 5
	output from the speal		
	Could the Part [Upper	] [Lower] sliders both be lowered?	n 6
	If the Part sliders are lo	owered, no sound is heard.	p. 6
	Could you be using	Use an expression pedal to adjust	
	an expression pedal?	the volume.	-
	Could you have made	Transnose settings?	n 6
Pitch of the	Could you have made		p. 6 p. 22
keyboard or song is	Could you have made Is the Master Tuning s Is the setting for the To	etting appropriate?	p. 22
	Is the Master Tuning s Is the setting for the T	etting appropriate?	
keyboard or song is	Is the Master Tuning s Is the setting for the To Is the Single Note Tun Could you be holding	etting appropriate? emperament correct? ing setting appropriate? down the damper pedal and	p. 22 p. 22
keyboard or song is incorrect Notes are	Is the Master Tuning s Is the setting for the To Is the Single Note Tun Could you be holding sounding a large num	etting appropriate? emperament correct? ing setting appropriate? down the damper pedal and sber of notes?	p. 22 p. 22
keyboard or song is incorrect	Is the Master Tuning s Is the setting for the To Is the Single Note Tun Could you be holding sounding a large num Could you be using D	etting appropriate? emperament correct? ing setting appropriate? down the damper pedal and	p. 22 p. 22
keyboard or song is incorrect	Is the Master Tuning s Is the setting for the To Is the Single Note Tun Could you be holding sounding a large num Could you be using Do song?	etting appropriate? emperament correct? ing setting appropriate? down the damper pedal and sber of notes? ual Play or playing along with a	p. 22 p. 22
keyboard or song is incorrect Notes are	Is the Master Tuning s Is the setting for the T Is the Single Note Tun Could you be holding sounding a large num Could you be using D song? Is the piano in Dual	etting appropriate? emperament correct? ing setting appropriate? down the damper pedal and ober of notes? ual Play or playing along with a  Press the [Split/Dual] button to	p. 22 p. 22
keyboard or song is incorrect Notes are	Is the Master Tuning s Is the setting for the To Is the Single Note Tun Could you be holding sounding a large num Could you be using Do song?	etting appropriate? emperament correct? ing setting appropriate? down the damper pedal and aber of notes? ual Play or playing along with a  Press the [Split/Dual] button to turn off "Dual Play."	p. 22 p. 22 p. 13
keyboard or song is incorrect Notes are interrupted Sounds are heard	Is the Master Tuning s Is the setting for the T Is the Single Note Tun Could you be holding sounding a large num Could you be using D song? Is the piano in Dual	etting appropriate? emperament correct? ing setting appropriate? down the damper pedal and ober of notes? ual Play or playing along with a  Press the [Split/Dual] button to turn off "Dual Play."  If you don't want the other sound	p. 22 p. 22 p. 13
keyboard or song is incorrect  Notes are interrupted  Sounds are heard twice (doubled)	Is the Master Tuning s Is the setting for the To Is the Single Note Tun Could you be holding sounding a large num Could you be using Do song? Is the piano in Dual Play?	etting appropriate? emperament correct? ing setting appropriate? down the damper pedal and aber of notes? ual Play or playing along with a  Press the [Split/Dual] button to turn off "Dual Play."	p. 22 p. 22 p. 13
keyboard or song is incorrect  Notes are interrupted  Sounds are heard twice (doubled) when the keyboard	Is the Master Tuning s Is the setting for the T Is the Single Note Tun Could you be holding sounding a large num Could you be using D song? Is the piano in Dual	etting appropriate? emperament correct? ing setting appropriate? down the damper pedal and ober of notes? ual Play or playing along with a  Press the [Split/Dual] button to turn off "Dual Play."  If you don't want the other sound module to produce sound, turn	p. 22 p. 22 p. 13
keyboard or song is incorrect  Notes are interrupted  Sounds are heard twice (doubled)	Is the Master Tuning s Is the setting for the To Is the Single Note Tun Could you be holding sounding a large num Could you be using Do song? Is the piano in Dual Play?  Could the piano be	etting appropriate? emperament correct? ing setting appropriate? down the damper pedal and other of notes? ual Play or playing along with a  Press the [Split/Dual] button to turn off "Dual Play." If you don't want the other sound module to produce sound, turn your DAW's soft thru function "Off."	p. 22 p. 22 p. 13
keyboard or song is incorrect  Notes are interrupted  Sounds are heard twice (doubled) when the keyboard	Is the Master Tuning s Is the setting for the T Is the Single Note Tun Could you be holding sounding a large num Could you be using D song? Is the piano in Dual Play?  Could the piano be connected to an	etting appropriate? emperament correct? ing setting appropriate? down the damper pedal and liber of notes? ual Play or playing along with a  Press the [Split/Dual] button to turn off "Dual Play."  If you don't want the other sound module to produce sound, turn your DAW's soft thru function "Off."  If Local Control is turned "On," set	p. 22 p. 22 p. 13
keyboard or song is incorrect  Notes are interrupted  Sounds are heard twice (doubled) when the keyboard is played	Is the Master Tuning s Is the setting for the Ti Is the Single Note Tun Could you be holding sounding a large num Could you be using Di song? Is the piano in Dual Play?  Could the piano be connected to an external sequencer?	etting appropriate? emperament correct? ing setting appropriate? down the damper pedal and other of notes? ual Play or playing along with a  Press the [Split/Dual] button to turn off "Dual Play." If you don't want the other sound module to produce sound, turn your DAW's soft thru function "Off."  If Local Control is turned "On," set Local Control to "Off."	p. 22 p. 22 p. 13 - p. 7
keyboard or song is incorrect  Notes are interrupted  Sounds are heard twice (doubled) when the keyboard is played  Sound appears	Is the Master Tuning s Is the setting for the To Is the Single Note Tun Could you be holding sounding a large num Could you be using Do song? Is the piano in Dual Play?  Could the piano be connected to an external sequencer?  When using "Dual Play	etting appropriate? emperament correct? ing setting appropriate? down the damper pedal and other of notes? ual Play or playing along with a  Press the [Split/Dual] button to turn off "Dual Play." If you don't want the other sound module to produce sound, turn your DAW's soft thru function "Off."  If Local Control is turned "On," set Local Control to "Off."	p. 22 p. 22 p. 13 - p. 7
keyboard or song is incorrect  Notes are interrupted  Sounds are heard twice (doubled) when the keyboard is played  Sound appears different when	Is the Master Tuning s Is the setting for the T Is the Single Note Tun Could you be holding sounding a large num Could you be using D song? Is the piano in Dual Play?  Could the piano be connected to an external sequencer?  When using "Dual Play Play" which lets you p	etting appropriate? emperament correct? ing setting appropriate? down the damper pedal and other of notes? ual Play or playing along with a  Press the [Split/Dual] button to turn off "Dual Play."  If you don't want the other sound module to produce sound, turn your DAW's soft thru function "Off."  If Local Control is turned "On," set Local Control to "Off."  y" which layers two tones, or "Split lay different tones with the left	p. 22 p. 22 p. 13 - p. 7
keyboard or song is incorrect  Notes are interrupted  Sounds are heard twice (doubled) when the keyboard is played  Sound appears different when using "Dual Play"	Is the Master Tuning s Is the setting for the T Is the Single Note Tun Could you be holding sounding a large num Could you be using D song? Is the piano in Dual Play?  Could the piano be connected to an external sequencer?  When using "Dual Play Play" which lets you p and right hands, the s	etting appropriate? emperament correct? ing setting appropriate? down the damper pedal and ober of notes? ual Play or playing along with a  Press the [Split/Dual] button to turn off "Dual Play."  If you don't want the other sound module to produce sound, turn your DAW's soft thru function "Off."  If Local Control is turned "On," set Local Control to "Off."  y" which layers two tones, or "Split lay different tones with the left ound might appear different with	p. 22 p. 22 p. 13 - p. 7
keyboard or song is incorrect  Notes are interrupted  Sounds are heard twice (doubled) when the keyboard is played  Sound appears different when using "Dual Play" or "Split Play"	Is the Master Tuning s Is the setting for the T Is the Single Note Tun Could you be holding sounding a large num Could you be using D song? Is the piano in Dual Play?  Could the piano be connected to an external sequencer?  When using "Dual Play Play" which lets you p	etting appropriate? emperament correct? ing setting appropriate? down the damper pedal and ober of notes? ual Play or playing along with a  Press the [Split/Dual] button to turn off "Dual Play."  If you don't want the other sound module to produce sound, turn your DAW's soft thru function "Off."  If Local Control is turned "On," set Local Control to "Off."  y" which layers two tones, or "Split lay different tones with the left ound might appear different with	p. 22 p. 22 p. 13 - p. 7
keyboard or song is incorrect  Notes are interrupted  Sounds are heard twice (doubled) when the keyboard is played  Sound appears different when using "Dual Play" or "Split Play"  Reverberation	Is the Master Tuning s Is the setting for the T Is the Single Note Tun Could you be holding sounding a large num Could you be using D song? Is the piano in Dual Play?  Could the piano be connected to an external sequencer?  When using "Dual Play Play" which lets you p and right hands, the s certain combinations	etting appropriate? emperament correct? ing setting appropriate? down the damper pedal and sher of notes? ual Play or playing along with a  Press the [Split/Dual] button to turn off "Dual Play."  If you don't want the other sound module to produce sound, turn your DAW's soft thru function "Off."  If Local Control is turned "On," set Local Control to "Off."  "" which layers two tones, or "Split lay different tones with the left ound might appear different with of tones.	p. 22 p. 22 p. 13 - p. 7
keyboard or song is incorrect  Notes are interrupted  Sounds are heard twice (doubled) when the keyboard is played  Sound appears different when using "Dual Play" or "Split Play"  Reverberation remains even if	Is the Master Tuning s Is the setting for the T Is the Single Note Tun Could you be holding sounding a large num Could you be using D song? Is the piano in Dual Play?  Could the piano be connected to an external sequencer?  When using "Dual Play Play" which lets yo up and right hands, the s certain combinations  Even if the Ambience	etting appropriate? emperament correct? ing setting appropriate? down the damper pedal and ober of notes? ual Play or playing along with a  Press the [Split/Dual] button to turn off "Dual Play."  If you don't want the other sound module to produce sound, turn your DAW's soft thru function "Off."  If Local Control is turned "On," set Local Control to "Off."  y" which layers two tones, or "Split lay different tones with the left ound might appear different with of tones.  effect is off, the acoustic piano's	p. 22 p. 22 p. 13 - p. 7
keyboard or song is incorrect  Notes are interrupted  Sounds are heard twice (doubled) when the keyboard is played  Sound appears different when using "Dual Play" or "Split Play" Reverberation remains even if you defeat the	Is the Master Tuning s Is the setting for the T Is the Single Note Tun Could you be holding sounding a large num Could you be using D song? Is the piano in Dual Play?  Could the piano be connected to an external sequencer?  When using "Dual Play Play" which lets you p and right hands, the s certain combinations	etting appropriate? emperament correct? ing setting appropriate? down the damper pedal and ober of notes? ual Play or playing along with a  Press the [Split/Dual] button to turn off "Dual Play."  If you don't want the other sound module to produce sound, turn your DAW's soft thru function "Off."  If Local Control is turned "On," set Local Control to "Off."  y" which layers two tones, or "Split lay different tones with the left ound might appear different with of tones.  effect is off, the acoustic piano's	p. 22 p. 22 p. 13 - p. 7
keyboard or song is incorrect  Notes are interrupted  Sounds are heard twice (doubled) when the keyboard is played  Sound appears different when using "Dual Play" or "Split Play"  Reverberation remains even if	Is the Master Tuning s Is the setting for the T Is the Single Note Tun Could you be holding sounding a large num Could you be using D song? Is the piano in Dual Play?  Could the piano be connected to an external sequencer?  When using "Dual Play Play" which lets yo up and right hands, the s certain combinations  Even if the Ambience	etting appropriate? emperament correct? ing setting appropriate? down the damper pedal and siber of notes? ual Play or playing along with a  Press the [Split/Dual] button to turn off "Dual Play."  If you don't want the other sound module to produce sound, turn your DAW's soft thru function "Off."  If Local Control is turned "On," set Local Control to "Off."  y" which layers two tones, or "Split lay different tones with the left ound might appear different with of tones.  effect is off, the acoustic piano's ns.	p. 22 p. 22 p. 13 - p. 7

Problem	Items to Check	Action	Page
The sound of		racteristics of an acoustic piano,	
the higher notes	and is not a malfuncti		
suddenly changes		e where there is a change in the	-
from a certain key	number of strings per key or a transition from wound strings to unwound strings.		
	If you don't hear it through headphones:		
	It may be that the piano has malfunctioned. Please		
	contact your dealer or a Roland customer service center.		
High-pitched	If you also hear it through headphones:		
ringing is heard	To decrease the metallic ringing, adjust the following		-
	settings.		
	Ambience (p. 6)		
	String Resonance (	p. 13)	
	In some cases, a note	you play might cause a different	
When you press a key, the sound of	note (whose frequency is an integer multiple of the		
a note you didn't		producing the sensation that the	p. 13
press is also faintly		his is not a malfunction.	p. 13
heard	turn it off.	gner's "String Resonance" value, or	
	Could the volume be		
	set to maximum?	Lower the volume.	p. 6
	If you also hear it thi	ough headphones:	
	· ·	no has malfunctioned. Please	
	contact your dealer o	r a Roland customer service center.	
	If you don't hear it th	rough headphones:	
Low notes sound	1 . 1	o are resonating because of	
wrong, or are buzzy		und coming from the speakers.	-
	resonances.	wing measures to minimize	
		s 10-15 cm (4-6 inch) away from	
	Locate the speakers 10–15 cm (4–6 inch) away from walls or other surfaces.		
	Keep the volume d		
		ne objects that are resonating.	
Song does not play	correctly		
The selected sound	Could the SMF		
changes when you	Play Mode be set	Set the SMF Play Mode to	p. 23
play back a song	to "Auto-Select" or "Internal"?	"External."	ľ
	Could you be		
	recording with a tone	The Piano Designer settings	
The piano's tonal	recording with a tone that you created in	might not be reproduced when	-
character changes	recording with a tone that you created in Piano Designer?		-
•	recording with a tone that you created in Piano Designer? Could you be playing	might not be reproduced when you play back a song.	- n 10
character changes	recording with a tone that you created in Piano Designer?	might not be reproduced when	p. 10
character changes	recording with a tone that you created in Piano Designer? Could you be playing back the audio-	might not be reproduced when you play back a song.	p. 10
character changes when you record Only the sound of a particular	recording with a tone that you created in Piano Designer? Could you be playing back the audio-recorded sound?  Could the Part [Upper	might not be reproduced when you play back a song.  Record as SMF.  ] [Lower] sliders both be lowered?	
character changes when you record Only the sound of a particular instrument in a	recording with a tone that you created in Piano Designer? Could you be playing back the audio-recorded sound?  Could the Part [Upper	might not be reproduced when you play back a song.  Record as SMF.	p. 10
character changes when you record Only the sound of a particular instrument in a song does not play	recording with a tone that you created in Piano Designer? Could you be playing back the audio-recorded sound? Could the Part [Upper If the Part sliders are In Inc. 1997]	might not be reproduced when you play back a song.  Record as SMF.  [ [Lower] sliders both be lowered? owered, no sound is heard.	p. 6
character changes when you record  Only the sound of a particular instrument in a song does not play No sound when you	recording with a tone that you created in Piano Designer? Could you be playing back the audio-recorded sound? Could the Part [Upper If the Part sliders are In Inc. 1997]	might not be reproduced when you play back a song.  Record as SMF.  ] [Lower] sliders both be lowered?	p. 6
character changes when you record Only the sound of a particular instrument in a song does not play	recording with a tone that you created in Piano Designer? Could you be playing back the audio-recorded sound? Could the Part [Upper If the Part sliders are Identified to the [Song Vol] state of the property	might not be reproduced when you play back a song.  Record as SMF.  [ [Lower] sliders both be lowered? owered, no sound is heard.	p. 6
character changes when you record  Only the sound of a particular instrument in a song does not play No sound when you play back a song Song volume is too low / Volume differs	recording with a tone that you created in Piano Designer? Could you be playing back the audio-recorded sound?  Could the Part [Upper If the Part sliders are Icould the [Song Vol] sliders be set to "0"?  Could the [Song Vol] sliders are Icould the [Song Vol] sliders be set to "0"?	might not be reproduced when you play back a song.  Record as SMF.  ] [Lower] sliders both be lowered? owered, no sound is heard.  slider or Part [Lower] [Upper]	p. 6
character changes when you record  Only the sound of a particular instrument in a song does not play No sound when you play back a song Song volume is too low / Volume differs between recording	recording with a tone that you created in Piano Designer? Could you be playing back the audio-recorded sound? Could the Part [Upper If the Part sliders are Icould the [Song Vol] sliders be set to "0"?	might not be reproduced when you play back a song.  Record as SMF.  ] [Lower] sliders both be lowered? owered, no sound is heard.  slider or Part [Lower] [Upper]	p. 6 p. 6 p. 9
character changes when you record  Only the sound of a particular instrument in a song does not play No sound when you play back a song Song volume is too low / Volume differs	recording with a tone that you created in Piano Designer? Could you be playing back the audio-recorded sound? Could the Part [Upper If the Part sliders are Is sliders be set to "0"? Could the [Song Vol] sliders be set to low?	might not be reproduced when you play back a song.  Record as SMF.  [ [Lower] sliders both be lowered? owered, no sound is heard.  slider or Part [Lower] [Upper]	p. 6 p. 6 p. 9
character changes when you record  Only the sound of a particular instrument in a song does not play No sound when you play back a song Song volume is too low / Volume differs between recording	recording with a tone that you created in Piano Designer? Could you be playing back the audio-recorded sound? Could the Part [Upper If the Part sliders are Is sliders be set to "0"? Could the [Song Vol] sliders be set to bow sliders be set to low sliders be set to low street that the same set to set to set to set to some set to s	might not be reproduced when you play back a song.  Record as SMF.  ] [Lower] sliders both be lowered? owered, no sound is heard.  slider or Part [Lower] [Upper]	p. 6 p. 6 p. 9
character changes when you record  Only the sound of a particular instrument in a song does not play No sound when you play back a song Song volume is too low / Volume differs between recording and playback	recording with a tone that you created in Piano Designer? Could you be playing back the audio-recorded sound? Could the Part [Upper If the Part sliders are Ic Could the [Song Vol] sliders be set to "0"? Could the [Song Vol] sliders be set too low: Three types of file can and MIDI files.	might not be reproduced when you play back a song.  Record as SMF.  [ [Lower] sliders both be lowered? owered, no sound is heard.  [ slider or Part [Lower] [Upper] [Upper] [Upper]	p. 6 p. 6 p. 9
character changes when you record  Only the sound of a particular instrument in a song does not play No sound when you play back a song Song volume is too low / Volume differs between recording	recording with a tone that you created in Piano Designer? Could you be playing back the audio-recorded sound? Could the Part [Upper If the Part sliders are Is sliders be set to "0"? Could the [Song Vol] sliders be set to bow sliders be set to low sliders be set to low street that the same set to set to set to set to some set to s	might not be reproduced when you play back a song.  Record as SMF.  [ [Lower] sliders both be lowered? owered, no sound is heard.  slider or Part [Lower] [Upper]	p. 6 p. 6 p. 9
character changes when you record  Only the sound of a particular instrument in a song does not play No sound when you play back a song Song volume is too low / Volume differs between recording and playback  Can't play back a	recording with a tone that you created in Piano Designer? Could you be playing back the audio-recorded sound?  Could the Part [Upper If the Part sliders are Identified to 10 or 10	might not be reproduced when you play back a song.  Record as SMF.  ] [Lower] sliders both be lowered? owered, no sound is heard.  slider or Part [Lower] [Upper]  slider or Part [Lower] [Upper]  be played back: audio files, MP3,  File extension ".wav," 44.1 kHz,	p. 6 p. 6 p. 9
character changes when you record  Only the sound of a particular instrument in a song does not play No sound when you play back a song Song volume is too low / Volume differs between recording and playback  Can't play back a song saved in USB	recording with a tone that you created in Piano Designer? Could you be playing back the audio-recorded sound? Could the Part [Upper If the Part sliders are Ic Could the [Song Vol] sliders be set to "0"? Could the [Song Vol] sliders be set too low: Three types of file can and MIDI files.	might not be reproduced when you play back a song.  Record as SMF.  ] [Lower] sliders both be lowered? owered, no sound is heard.  slider or Part [Lower] [Upper]  slider or Part [Lower] [Upper]  be played back: audio files, MP3,  File extension ".wav," 44.1 kHz, 16-bit linear,	p. 6 p. 6 p. 9
character changes when you record  Only the sound of a particular instrument in a song does not play No sound when you play back a song Song volume is too low / Volume differs between recording and playback  Can't play back a song saved in USB	recording with a tone that you created in Piano Designer? Could you be playing back the audio-recorded sound?  Could the Part [Upper If the Part sliders are Identified to 10 or 10	might not be reproduced when you play back a song.  Record as SMF.  ] [Lower] sliders both be lowered? owered, no sound is heard.  slider or Part [Lower] [Upper]  be played back: audio files, MP3,  File extension ".wav," 44.1 kHz, 16-bit linear,  File extension ".mp3," 44.1 kHz,	p. 6 p. 6 p. 9
character changes when you record  Only the sound of a particular instrument in a song does not play No sound when you play back a song Song volume is too low / Volume differs between recording and playback  Can't play back a song saved in USB	recording with a tone that you created in Piano Designer? Could you be playing back the audio-recorded sound? Could the Part [Upper If the Part sliders are Identified to the Identified to the Part sliders are Identified to the Identified to Identified to the I	might not be reproduced when you play back a song.  Record as SMF.  ] [Lower] sliders both be lowered? owered, no sound is heard.  slider or Part [Lower] [Upper]  be played back: audio files, MP3,  File extension ".wav," 44.1 kHz, 16-bit linear,  File extension ".mp3," 44.1 kHz, 64 kbps–320 kbps  File extension ".MID"? information in the file be blank or	p. 6 p. 6 p. 9
character changes when you record  Only the sound of a particular instrument in a song does not play No sound when you play back a song Song volume is too low / Volume differs between recording and playback  Can't play back a song saved in USB flash drive	recording with a tone that you created in Piano Designer? Could you be playing back the audio-recorded sound? Could the Part [Upper If the Part sliders are Identified to the Identified to the Part sliders are Identified to the Part sliders are Identified to the Part sliders are Identified to the Ide	might not be reproduced when you play back a song.  Record as SMF.  [ [Lower] sliders both be lowered? owered, no sound is heard.  [ slider or Part [Lower] [Upper] [Upper]  [ slider or Part [Lower] [Upper] [Upper]  [ be played back: audio files, MP3, File extension ".wav," 44.1 kHz, 16-bit linear, File extension ".mp3," 44.1 kHz, 64 kbps-320 kbps  [ File extension ".MID"? information in the file be blank or ?	p. 6 p. 6 p. 9
character changes when you record  Only the sound of a particular instrument in a song does not play No sound when you play back a song Song volume is too low / Volume differs between recording and playback  Can't play back a song saved in USB flash drive	recording with a tone that you created in Piano Designer? Could you be playing back the audio-recorded sound? Could the Part [Upper If the Part sliders are Is Sliders be set to "0"? Could the [Song Vol] sliders be set to "0"? Could the [Song Vol] sliders be set to low in the set to	might not be reproduced when you play back a song.  Record as SMF.  [ [Lower] sliders both be lowered? owered, no sound is heard.  [ slider or Part [Lower] [Upper] [Upper]  [ slider or Part [Lower] [Upper] [Upper]    be played back: audio files, MP3,     File extension ".wav," 44.1 kHz,     16-bit linear,     File extension ".mp3," 44.1 kHz,     64 kbps-320 kbps     File extension ".MID"?     information in the file be blank or     ion ".MID"? Song titles can be	p. 6 p. 6 p. 9
character changes when you record  Only the sound of a particular instrument in a song does not play No sound when you play back a song Song volume is too low / Volume differs between recording and playback  Can't play back a song saved in USB flash drive	recording with a tone that you created in Piano Designer? Could you be playing back the audio-recorded sound? Could the Part [Upper If the Part sliders are Is Sliders be set to "0"? Could the [Song Vol] sliders be set to "0"? Could the [Song Vol] sliders be set to low in the set to	might not be reproduced when you play back a song.  Record as SMF.  [ [Lower] sliders both be lowered? owered, no sound is heard.  [ slider or Part [Lower] [Upper] [Upper]  [ slider or Part [Lower] [Upper] [Upper]  [ be played back: audio files, MP3, File extension ".wav," 44.1 kHz, 16-bit linear, File extension ".mp3," 44.1 kHz, 64 kbps-320 kbps  [ File extension ".MID"? information in the file be blank or ?	p. 6 p. 6 p. 9
character changes when you record  Only the sound of a particular instrument in a song does not play No sound when you play back a song Song volume is too low / Volume differs between recording and playback  Can't play back a song saved in USB flash drive	recording with a tone that you created in Piano Designer? Could you be playing back the audio-recorded sound? Could the Part [Upper If the Part sliders are Is sliders be set to "0"? Could the [Song Vol] sliders be set to "0"? Could the [Song Vol] sliders be set too low? Three types of file can and MIDI files.  MP3 MIDI Could the song name consist of only spaces Is the filename extens shown in the screen of	might not be reproduced when you play back a song.  Record as SMF.  [ [Lower] sliders both be lowered? owered, no sound is heard.  [ slider or Part [Lower] [Upper] [U	p. 6 p. 6 p. 9
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# & Error Messages

Indication	Meaning	
	An error occurred during writing. The USB flash drive may be corrupted.	
Error 2	Insert other USB flash drive and try again. Alternatively, you can initialize the USB flash drive (p. 16).	
	The internal memory might be damaged. Format the internal memory (p. 16).	
Error 10	No USB flash drive is inserted. Insert the USB flash drive and try again.	
Error 10	The internal memory might be damaged. Format the internal memory (p. 16).	
Error 11	There is not sufficient free memory in the save destination.	
Error 11	Either insert other USB flash drive or delete unneeded files and try again.	
	An error occurred during reading. The USB flash drive may be corrupted.	
Error 14	Insert other USB flash drive and try again. Alternatively, you can initialize the USB flash drive (p. 16).	
	The internal memory might be damaged. Format the internal memory (p. 16).	
Error 15	The file is unreadable. The data format is not compatible with the piano.	
Error 18	This audio format is not supported.	
Error 18	Please use 44.1 kHz 16-bit linear WAV format or 44.1 kHz 64 kbps–320 kbps MP3 format audio files.	
Error 30	Internal memory capacity of the piano is full.	
Error 40	The piano cannot deal with the excessive MIDI data sent from the external MIDI device.	
Error 40	Reduce the amount of MIDI data sent to the piano.	
Error 43	A MIDI transmission error has occurred. Check the MIDI cable and connected MIDI device.	
Error 51	There may be a problem with the system. Repeat the procedure from the beginning. If it is not solved after you have tried several times, contact the Roland service center.	
Error 65	The USB flash drive connector was subjected to excessive current. Make sure that there is no problem with the USB flash drive, then turn the power off, then on again.	

# § Tone List

# Piano

#	Tone Name
1	Concert Piano
2	Ballad Piano
3	Mellow Piano
4	Bright Piano
5	Upright Piano
6	Mellow Upright
7	Bright Upright
8	Rock Piano
9	Ragtime Piano
10	Bright Forte
11	SA Piano 3
12	70's E.Grand
13	Magical Piano
14	Harpsichord
15	Harpsi 8'+4'

# E. Piano

#	Tone Name
1	1976SuitCase
2	Tine EP Lite
3	ModifiedDyno
4	VR EP 1
5	Wurly 200
6	Pure Wurly
7	Phase EP Mix
8	80's FM EP
9	MetalicEP Ex
10	SA E.Piano 1
11	SA EP1 Stack
12	SA E.Piano 2
13	Tremolo EP
14	EP Belle
15	BrillClav DB
16	BrillClavWah

# Strings

#	Tone Name
1	Chamber Str
2	String Exp
3	Full Strings
4	Strings forl
5	Epic Strings
6	Rich Strings
7	Orchestra
8	Harpiness
9	OrchestraBrs
10	SymphonicStr1
11	SymphonicStr2

# Organ

#	Tone Name
1	B.Organ Slow
2	Pipe Organ
3	Nason flt 8'
4	Combo Jz.Org
5	Ballad Organ
6	ChurchOrgan1
7	ChurchOrgan2
8	Gospel Spin
9	Full Stops
10	Mellow Bars
11	Lower Organ
12	Light Organ
13	Animal Mod
14	Surf Monkeys
15	Rising Sun

# Pad

#	Tone Name
1	Super SynPad
2	Choir Aahs 1
3	Choir Aahs 2
4	D50 StackPad
5	Legend Pad
6	Voice of Hvn
7	New Jupiter
8	ChordofCnada
9	JP8 Strings
10	Air Pad
11	Boreal Pad
12	JP8 Hollow
13	Soft Pad
14	Solina
15	Tron Strings

# Other

#	Tone Name
1	Super Saw
2	Trancy Synth
3	Flip Pad
4	D50 Fantasia
5	D50 Stac Hvn
6	D50 FuturePd
7	D50 DigiNDnc
8	EQ Lead
9	DelyResoSaws
10	StrawberyFlt
11	Jazz Scat
12	Ac.Bass wRel
13	Comp'd JBass
14	A.Bass+Cymbal
15-23	(8-drum sets and 1 SFX set)
24-279	(GM2 Tones)

Parameter	Explanation	Settings Saved in Registrations	Items Stored by Memory Backup	Settings Stored Immediately When Edited
	Selected tone (including Split or Dual	/		
	tones)	-		
	Dual Play On/Off	/		
	Split Play On/Off	✓		
	Part Volume	/		
Split Point	Split Point	✓		
Right Shift	Octave shift of the right-hand tone	✓		
Left Shift	Octave shift of the left-hand tone	✓		
Tone 1 Shift	Octave shift of tone 1	✓		
Tone 2 Shift	Octave shift of tone 2	✓		
Transpose	Transpose on/off and transpose value	/		
Ambience	Depth of the ambience effect	✓	✓	
Rotary Speed	Modulation speed of the rotary effect	/		
Modulation Speed	Speed at which the sound is modulated	✓		
Key Touch	Key Touch	/	<b>✓</b>	
Damper Pedal Part	Damper pedal part setting	/		
Center Pedal Part	Center pedal part setting	✓		
Center Pedal	Function of the center pedal	✓		
eft Pedal Part	Left pedal part setting	/		
eft Pedal	Function of the left pedal	/		
Reg. Pedal Shift	Registration pedal shift setting	*	✓	
MIDI Transmit Ch.	MIDI transmit channel	/	✓	
Reg. Transmit Ch.				
Reg. PC	Tone switching information	<b>✓</b>		
Reg. Bank MSB				
Reg. Bank LSB				
Headphones 3D Ambience	Headphone 3D ambience			
Hammer Response	Hammer response		J	
Metronome	Metronome (volume, sound, down beat)		/	
Master Tuning	Master Tuning			
Temperament	Tuning method			
Temperament Key	Base note for the tuning method			
nput/Bluetooth Vol.	Input/ <b>Bluetooth</b> volume		·	/
SMF Play Mode	SMF playback mode			
Display Contrast	Display contrast			
Panel Brightness	Brightness of the buttons			
	All settings of the <b>Bluetooth</b>			
	function			✓
Auto Off	Auto off			/
Equalizer	Equalizer settings		/	•

<sup>\*</sup> The "Reg. Pedal Shift" setting is saved on the USB flash drive when you execute Registration Set Export.

# 8

# USING THE UNIT SAFELY

# **!** WARNING

#### **Concerning the Auto Off function**

The power to this unit will be turned off automatically after a predetermined amount of time has passed since it was last used for playing music, or its buttons or controls were operated (Auto Off function). If you do not want the power to be turned off automatically, disengage the Auto Off function (p. 24).



This unit should be used only with a stand that is recommended by Roland.



#### Do not place in a location that is unstable

When using the unit with a stand recommended by Roland, the stand must be carefully placed so it is level and sure to remain stable. If not using a stand, you still need to make sure that any location you choose for placing the unit provides a level surface that will properly support the unit, and keep it from wobbling.

# Precautions regarding placement of this unit on a stand

Be sure to follow the instructions in the Owner's Manual carefully when placing this unit on a stand (p. 2).

If it is not set up properly, you risk creating an unstable situation which could lead to the unit falling or the stand toppling, and may result in injury.

# **!** WARNING

# Use only the supplied AC adaptor and the correct voltage

Be sure to use only the AC adaptor supplied with the unit. Also, make sure the line voltage at the installation matches the input voltage specified on the AC adaptor's body. Other AC adaptors may use a different polarity, or be designed for a different voltage, so their use could result in damage, malfunction, or electric shock.

#### Use only the supplied power cord

Use only the attached power cord. Also, the supplied power cord must not be used with any other device.



# ·

#### Use only the specified stand(s)

This unit is designed to be used in combination with specific stands (KSC-72, KS-G8B and KS-12) manufactured by Roland. If used in combination with other stands, you risk sustaining injuries as the result of this product dropping down or toppling over due to a lack of stability.

CAUTION

# **!** CAUTION

#### Evaluate safety issues before using stands

Even if you observe the cautions given in the owner's manual, certain types of handling may allow this product to fall from the stand, or cause the stand to overturn. Please be mindful of any safety issues before using this product.



#### Cautions when moving this unit

If you need to move the instrument, take note of the precautions listed below. At least two persons are required to safely lift and move the unit. It should be handled carefully, all the while keeping it level. Make sure to have a firm grip, to protect yourself from injury and the instrument from damage.

- Check to make sure the screws securing the unit to the stand have not become loose. Fasten them again securely whenever you notice any loosening.
- Disconnect the power cord.
- · Disconnect all cords coming from external devices.
- Remove the music stand.

# 8

# IMPORTANT NOTES

#### **Placement**

- Do not allow objects to remain on top of the keyboard.
   This can be the cause of malfunction, such as keys ceasing to produce sound.
- Depending on the material and temperature of the surface on which you place the unit, its rubber feet may discolor or mar the surface.

#### Care of the Keyboard

- Do not write on the keyboard with any pen or other implement, and do not stamp or place any marking on the instrument. Ink will seep into the surface lines and become unremovable.
- Do not affix stickers on the keyboard. You may be unable to remove stickers that use strong adhesives, and the adhesive may cause discoloration.
- To remove stubborn dirt, use a commercially available keyboard cleaner that does not contain abrasives. Start by wiping lightly. If the dirt does not come off, wipe using gradually increasing amounts of pressure while taking care not to scratch the keys.

#### **Repairs and Data**

 Before sending the unit away for repairs, be sure to make a backup of the data stored within it; or you may prefer to write down the needed information. Although we will do our utmost to preserve the data stored in your unit when we carry out repairs, in some cases, such as when the memory section is physically damaged, restoration of the stored content may be impossible.
 Roland assumes no liability concerning the restoration of any stored content that has been lost.

#### **Additional Precautions**

- Note when placing a mobile device such as a smartphone or tablet on this unit
  - Handle your device with care to avoid scratching the unit or the mobile device.
- Any data stored within the unit can be lost as the result of equipment failure, incorrect operation, etc. To protect yourself against the irretrievable loss of data, try to make a habit of creating regular backups of the data you've stored in the unit.
- Roland assumes no liability concerning the restoration of any stored content that has been lost.

- · Never strike or apply strong pressure to the display.
- The sound of keys being struck and vibrations produced by playing an instrument can be transmitted through a floor or wall to an unexpected extent. Please take care not to cause annovance to others nearby.
- Do not apply undue force to the music stand while it is in use.
- Use only the specified expression pedal. By connecting any other expression pedals, you risk causing malfunction and/or damage to the unit.
- Do not use connection cables that contain a built-in resistor.

#### **Using External Memories**

- Please observe the following precautions when handling external memory devices. Also, make sure to carefully observe all the precautions that were supplied with the external memory device.
  - Do not remove the device while reading/writing is in progress.
  - To prevent damage from static electricity, discharge all static electricity from your person before handling the device.

#### **Caution Regarding Radio Frequency Emissions**

- The following actions may subject you to penalty of law.
  - Disassembling or modifying this device.
  - Removing the certification label affixed to the back of this device.

#### **Intellectual Property Right**

- It is forbidden by law to make an audio recording, video recording, copy or revision of a third party's copyrighted work (musical work, video work, broadcast, live performance, or other work), whether in whole or in part, and distribute, sell, lease, perform, or broadcast it without the permission of the copyright owner.
- Do not use this product for purposes that could infringe on a copyright held by a third party. We assume no responsibility whatsoever with regard to any infringements of third-party copyrights arising through your use of this product.

- The copyright of content in this product (the sound waveform data, style data, accompaniment patterns, phrase data, audio loops and image data) is reserved by Roland Corporation.
- Purchasers of this product are permitted to utilize said content (except song data such as Demo Songs) for the creating, performing, recording and distributing original musical works.
- Purchasers of this product are NOT permitted to extract said content in original or modified form, for the purpose of distributing recorded medium of said content or making them available on a computer network.
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- This Product uses the Source Code of µT-Kernel under T-License 2.0 granted by the T-Engine Forum (www. tron.org).
- This product is using the Jansson (http://www.digip. org/jansson/) source code.
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